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THE WEEKLY GAZETTE.
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The Pittsburgh Gazette

A WORTHY CANDIDATE.

The loyal voters of the Commonwealth ask no higher tribute to the worth and character of Judge Williams than the following neat compliment paid him by the only daily Democratic paper of Western Pennsylvania the day following his nomination. It said:

"The nomination of the Hon. Henry W. Williams as a candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court is a good one. He was the best man named before the Republican Convention, and possesses legal and moral qualifications for the responsible position to which he has been nominated. Both parties have now presented their candidates. An important duty has been faithfully discharged by the respective conventions. The campaign may now be conducted *without personal aspersions*, and decided upon the principles of the two great parties. This is as it should be. It is an auspicious sign of the times, and if the county conventions are equally fortunate in the selection of legislative candidates, there will be a stop put to the deplorable corruption at the seat of government under a new reign of honest men and conscientious legislators.---*Pittsburgh Post, June 28th, 1867.*

The *Post*, in referring to the above, on the 29th of August, was pleased to say

"We have nothing to take back or modify. Of Judge Williams' private or legal reputation we have nothing but words of praise, and however it may suit some pugnacious and ready politicians, we cannot bring ourselves to view personal assaults as either wise or politic."

THE WORKINGMEN'S CONVENTION.

It was amusing to look on the men gathered at the Workingmen's Convention, yesterday, and see how completely it had fallen into democratic hands. The lobbies were thronged with democratic politicians; a large proportion of the delegates were democrats; and nearly all those who took an interest in the proceedings were men of that school. A man with half an eye could see that the only men who expected any benefit from the Convention were the democratic leaders. Poor fellows! They have been so long standing out in the cold, and have been waiting so long for something to turn up, that they gladly welcome the slightest movement that encourages the shadow of a hope in their breasts. We trust that the few Republicans in this third party movement will soon see that the sole object of these democratic schemes is to get as many Republicans as possible to throw away their votes on a third-party ticket, whilst they themselves vote the democratic ticket.

THE Second Grand Fair of the Mechanics and Agricultural Associations of Louisiana, will commence at New Orleans, on the 10th of next November. Our manufacturers should not lose sight of the great advantages which will accrue to them through being represented on the occasion by a proper display of their products. The Fair will draw thousands of visitors from all sections of the South, and it is of the utmost importance that our city be represented in the grand exhibition. The trade of the Southern States is fast drifting into old channels, and if a little energy is displayed in a proper way by our manufacturers, Pittsburgh may again receive the large patronage she enjoyed prior to the rebellion. No better method of introducing our city to the attention of Southern customers can be suggested than a liberal representation of our manufactures at the forthcoming Fair, and we earnestly hope that our business men will not be slow to act on the suggestion.

A FEW WEEKS MORE and election day will be with us, and as the time approaches more animation will be thrown into the campaign by the contesting parties. Republicans have a great responsibility resting upon them. They must see to it that every district is canvassed, and that not a voter will be absent from the polls. There is nothing to fear if a full Republican vote can be brought out, and it behooves all members of the party to bestir themselves to that end. Let the work of canvassing commence to-day. Each Republican may constitute himself a committee of one to awaken his neighbors to the danger of apathy and the necessity of being out to exercise their duties, as citizens, on election day. The western section of the State promised a large majority for Judge Williams, and that pledge can easily be redeemed if prompt and vigorous measures are immediately taken to bring out every voter who will cast his ballot with the Republican party.

THE Democrats are not without hope of securing an election of some of their candidates in Allegheny county. The *Post* has been quite anxious that a Labor Reform ticket should be adopted and that the Temperance element should put forth a set of candidates. It safely calculates that the Democrats will vote square for their own ticket and that third and fourth parties might possibly succeed in breaking the solid ranks of the Republicans sufficiently to admit of the disloyal minority candidates passing into office. Let the word go along the line that a trick of this character is intended and out of the sagacity and wisdom of the Republicans the enemy will be baffled and Allegheny county saved from the disgrace of electing Democrats to office.

NOT TRUE.---One of the speakers in the Workingmen's Convention, yesterday, asserted that Mr. ERRETT, as an employer, had defrauded the workingmen in his employ, by refusing to pay them the wages fixed by the Printers' Union! The speaker possibly believed this, but it is not true. During all of Mr. ERRETT's connection with the GAZETTE as one of its owners, the printers employed upon it were paid full Union prices, (as they are now); and the job printing office in which he is now an owner is well known as a "Union" office, is managed exclusively by printers belonging to the Printers' Union, and pays full Union prices. So much for that falsehood.

LET no Republicans forget the Grand Mass Meeting which will be held to-night at the Monongahela House. Eloquent and able speakers will be in attendance to address those present on the important political questions of the hour, and it is to be hoped that they will be greeted by so large an audience as will strike terror into the hearts of both wings of the opposition party.

---The following is the reason why shooting stars didn't appear when expected: "When the protogenistic temperature of the horizon is such as to chloricise the imperient identation of the hemisphere analogy, the cohesion of the borax curbistus becomes surcharged with infinitesimals, which are thereby virtually deprived of their fissurial disquisitions. This effected, a rapid change is produced in the thoramonober of the gympasticus-tus polerium, which causes a convacular in the hexagonal antipathes of the terrustrium aqua of ceremoculor light, which can only be seen when it is visible." That's so.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SPAIN.

CHOLERA RAGING AT MALTA.

MARSEILLES, September 11.---Dispatches received here mention that the cholera is raging fearfully in Malta.

AUSTRIA.

PRIME MINISTER AT BARRITZ.

LONDON, September 11.---It is reported that the Austrian Prime Minister, Baron Von Beust, has gone to Barritz.

FRANCE.

GARIBALDI FOR THE ROMAN FRONTIER.

PARIS, September 11.---Dispatches have been received here announcing that Garibaldi will depart forthwith for the Roman frontier.

ITALY.

SCHOOL TEACHERS CONVENTION.

VIENNA, Sept. 11.---A large body of School Teachers, representing nearly all sections of the Empire, are in session in this city. A resolution in favor of petitioning the authorities for a separation of public schools from the church was passed yesterday with great unanimity.

ENGLAND.

THE DONCASTER RACES---GREAT DAY.

LONDON, Sept. 11.---*Evening.*---This was the great day of the Doncaster races. The attendance was immense, and the interest in the races was almost unprecedented.

The municipal stakes, valued at £500, were won by Lytic; the Corporation plate, valued at £300, by H. L, and the Bradgate Park stake by Leon.

The St. Ledger was the occasion of intense excitement. The great value of the stakes, £5,234, and the fact that the best horses of the year were entered for the race, made the St. Ledger of 1867 at least equal to any of its predecessors. The race was a splendid one, and was won by Achievement. Hermit, who won the Derby, was second, and Julius third.

FROM SIAM AND BOMBAY.

LONDON, September 11---*Evening.*---Intelligence reached here from Siam, stating that the son and heir to the King of Siam is dead.

A telegram from Bombay by anticipation of the overland China mail, reports that the embargo laid upon commerce in the Island of Formosa, had been removed.

ARRIVED OUT.

SOUTHAMPTON, Sept. 11.---The steamer Saxonia arrived to-day.

GLASGOW, Sept. 11.---The steamer St. Andrew, from Quebec, has arrived.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, September 11---2 P. M.---Consols 94⅝; 5-20s weak at 72⅝; Illinois Central 77; Erie 77. Atlantic and Great Western 26¾.

LIVERPOOL, September 11---2 P. M.---Cotton, under an unfavorable trade report, is easier and there is less demand, but quotable decline in prices. Breadstuffs quiet and unchanged.

LONDON, Sept. 11.---*Evening*---Consols 94⅝; 5-20s, 72⅝; Erie, 44⅛; Illinois Central, 77.

FRANKFORT, Sept. 11.---*Evening.*---Five-Twenties, 76¾.

PARIS, Sept. 11---*Evening.*---Cotton closed heavy and ½d lower; middling uplands, 97½d; Orleans, 9¾d. The other markets are all unchanged.

ANTWERP, September 11.---Petroleum declined to 49 francs 50 centimes.

FROM WASHINGTON.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, September 11, 1867.

ADDITIONAL PARDON LIST.

An additional list of persons pardoned in Virginia, Alabama and Georgia, is in course of preparation at the Attorney General's Office. These number about 10,000, which makes an aggregate of upwards of 13,000 pardons to the 7th inst.

THE PARDON PROCLAMATION.

Questions have risen as to whether the amnesty proclamation excludes from pardon those who had at the time a higher than the grade of Brigadier General, and also as to whether the term agents in addition to ministers and counsiaioners include those who went abroad to sell bonds and cotton. These questions will be decided in the order of presentation.

CABINET CHANGES.

There is no immediate prospect of changes in the Cabinet, although rumors to this effect continue to prevail.

MILITARY BULLETIN.

Colonel M. T. Howe, retired, has been ordered to Harrodsburg, Ky., to assume the duties heretofore performed by Brig. Gen. Eastman; Brevet Major General K. A. Carr is ordered to report for duty and command-ing General of the Department of Washington.

The following persons have been appointed examining surgeons of pension offices: Dr. George W. Mosell, at Warsaw, Wis.; Dr. W. W. Parker, Elgin, Ohio; Dr. Irwin Ellis, Ontanagon, Mich.; Dr. James Lang, Marshaltown, Iowa; Dr. James L. Peat, Tuscola, Ill.; Dr. H. H. Stephens, Eaton, Ohio; Dr. William H. Rose, Knoxville, Pa.; Dr. Orange, Pomeroy, Ohio.

NOTICE CONCERNING STOLEN BONDS.

The Secretary of the Treasury to-day issued the following notice: "The notices of the 7th of July, to holders of bonds of the State of Missouri, which were abstracted in 1860 from the Department of the interior, is hereby extended, so as to embrace the abstracted bonds of the States of North Carolina and Tennessee. The proof in reference to the time of said bonds must be made under oath and not mere epistolary."

FROM NEW YORK.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 11, 1867.

THE EAST RIVER BRIDGE.

Mr. Roebling, engineer of the projected bridge over East River, has made a report. He states the bridge will terminate at Chatham Square, New York, and near Fulton Ferry, Brooklyn. The total length will be 5,982 feet, and the centre span will be 160 feet above high water mark. The total cost of the structure is estimated at $9,675,357, and it will permit the transportation of 500,000 persons daily.

MORE REVENUE FRAUDS.

Another revenue fraud has been discovered and it is reported the government lost about $40,000. Some five hundred barrels, supposed to be filled with liquor, in bonded warehouse No. 5 and 6 Sedgwick street, had been emptied of their contents. J. C. Thompson, keeper of one of the warehouses, was arrested and held to bail in $20,000.

MASONIC PIC-NIC.

A grand Masonic pic-nic was held at Jones' Woods to-day. Representatives were present from all the principal cities of the country. The dancing lasted several hours. Brother David Carswell, of Canada, delivered a lecture on Masonry, and Mayor Hoffman presented the Bible and jewels to the Eastern Star Degree.

DRUGGISTS' CONVENTION.

The American Pharmaceutical Association, its session here, elected John Milman, of New York, President. In his address he said internal Revenue was the principal cause of adulteration, and he hoped the Association could arrive at such conclusions as would influence Congress to reduce the tax on foreign drugs, for which no American term could be substituted.

The afternoon session was devoted to hearing the report of delegates of the Association to the Paris Convention.

A PRIZE FIGHT ENDS IN A ROW.

A prize fight near Mackensack river, New Jersey, this morning, broke up in a general melee, and one of the principals, named McCormick, who seemed likely to be victor, was beaten almost to death.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

Yellow Fever Deaths---Negroes Chosen for Municipal Positions.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, September 11.---The deaths for the twenty-four hours ending this morning were sixty-seven.

In the Common Council last night, at an election for Assistant Recorders, one white and three negroes were chosen. Several other negroes were chosen for other municipal positions.

Breweries and Dwellings Consumed.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, September 11.---Two breweries, on Chicago Avenue, belonging to Thomas G. Hanson and Charles Woeffer, together with nine dwelling houses, were destroyed by fire this morning. Hanson's loss is thirteen thousand dollars; Woeffer's thirty-five thousand; insured for thirty thousand.

Appointment to a Judgeship.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

RICHMOND, September 11.---General Schofield has issued an order detailing Col. H. B. Burnham, Judge Advocate of the United States Army, to act as Judge of the Court of Hustings. This removes the necessity for an election to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Judge Lyons.

Flag Ship Arrived.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PORTLAND, September 11.---The flagship Susquehanna, Admiral Palmer, from St. Thomas on the 5th inst., has arrived. The U. S. Monongahela had arrived and the Penobscot sailed for Washington.

Forgeries in Boston.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BOSTON, September 11.---Forgeries to the amount of $15,000 or $20,000 are alleged against a young man named Frederick Hobbs, late in the pork and lard business at 197 State street.

Frost in Ohio.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, September 11.---The weather was quite cool here last night, and frost is reported in many places. The thermometer was down to 38 degrees outside of the city.

TELEGRAPH SUMMARY.

---Another batch of correspondence concerning the Alabama claims has been published. Lord Stanley, in his dispatch dated May 24th, which was handed to Mr. Seward by Sir Frederick Bruce, while the two were fishing at Auburn during the summer, consents to arbitration, provided two distinct tribunals be established; one to decide the responsibility incurred by the British Government in depredations committed by the rebel privateers, and the other to adjudicate general claims on both sides. To this Mr. Seward, in a dispatch dated August 12th, objects as unnecessary, claiming that if there should be two tribunals they should be clothed with the same powers.

---The excitement in Brooklyn is considerable over the alleged fraudulent operations among high revenue officials. Deputy Collector Allen has published a card declaring the whole charge malicious, but withholding further developments on his own side of the controversy until his principal, Mr. Callicott, returns from Washington. Dispatches from Washington state that the Secretary of the Treasury does not feel authorized to suspend Callicott on the report of the Metropolitan Board. He has directed all papers in reference to the matter in the possession of the Board to be sent to him.

---An Omaha dispatch says a battalion of four hundred soldiers arrived there on Sunday, *en route* to the Plains. Before leaving they entered the American Transfer Company's warehouse, drove out the watchman, broke in a hogshead of whiskey and wine barrels, got very drunk, and broke open a case of fruit and oysters. The subordinate officers say that they have been as bad as the men, and the Colonel had no redress for them.

---At the Democratic mass meeting in Baltimore, Tuesday night, called to ratify the new Constitution of Maryland, a very large audience was present. Speeches were made by Governor Swann and others, and resolutions adopted expressive of devotion to the Republican form of government, and denunciatory of the constitution of 1864, and congratulating California and Kentucky on the recent Democratic victories within the borders.

---The ship Invincible, of the California trade, took fire at New York at an early hour Wednesday, and was destroyed. The vessel was valued at from $75,000 to $100,000.

---The American Pomological Convention assembled at St. Louis on Wednesday. A large number were present and the display of fruit was very fine. President Wilder, of Boston, delivered the annual address.

---The Cuba Cable Telegraph was opened to the public on Wednesday. Congratulatory messages passed between Secretary Seward and the Captain General of Cuba.

---Patten's refrigerator manufactory, and several adjoining buildings, in Roxbury, Mass., were destroyed by fire yesterday morning.

---The Bangor (Me.) *Times* has ceased to exist for want of patronage. It died on the 10th.

---The steamer China, from Liverpool, arrived at Boston yesterday.

---Senator Gwin was among the recent passenger arrivals from California.

GLEANINGS.

---Breckinridge wants to come home.

---Cotton is called the scepterless king.

---The trees are gray with dust in Ottawa.

---Belle Boyd is played in a St. Louis theatre.

---Lowell has a volume of new poems in press.

---Louisa Muhlbach is a widow with a large family.

---All advices concerning the tobacco crop are bad.

---Prince Esterhazy's picture gallery sold for $900,000.

---Cyrus W. Field is seriously ill at New Hamburgh, N. Y.

---Corn sells in Oskaloosaka, Iowa, at eight cents a bushel.

---The Appletons are riding to popularity on a Muhlback.

---The oratorio of Jenny Lind's husband is called a failure.

---"Hotel de Horse," is the name of a livery stable in New York.

---The New Siberian yield of fossil ivory is 40,000 pounds yearly.

---Senor Romero is to remain in Washington as the Mexican Minister.

---A census of Dubuque gives 21,222 population, and $5,161,040 valuation.

---Tom Thumb is fishing off Long Island, in his yacht Charles S. Stratton.

---It has been demonstrated in Chicago that a comfortable house can be built for $350.

---An Edwin Forrest edition of Shakspeare is advertised in the New York papers.

---New York pays its four gas companies between four and five millions yearly.

---The "bones" of Christy's minstrels in London has been litigating, and got skinned.

---An English Clergyman has been fined for starving a flock of sheep. A poor shepherd, he.

---Peruvian ladies consider the possession of five toes on the same foot a peculiarity of the male sex.

---There is an engraved topaz in the Paris collection upon which twenty years of labor were expended.

---General Grant is finally endorsed by a Washington correspondent as "loyal." The Rebels found that out long ago.

---It was a happy phrase of somebody to call the writings of the brothers Bulwer the *Bulworks* of British literature.

---A young woman blew out her gas in a room in a Chicago hotel, went to sleep, and her funeral took place the day after.

---Three hundred American soldiers are still officers in the Liberal army of Mexico. They complain of bad treatment.

---Some one in Dublin has been making a chemical analysis of street mud. He found there was a great deal of moisture in it.

---Samuel Jack, of Vinton, Iowa, has a calf that breathes through a double pair of nostrils, one above the other---a freak of nature.

---Norwood is the name of a new village on the Erie railroad near Patterson, N. J. The name is bestowed in honor of Beecher.

---Elihu Burritt, the "learned blacksmith," is about taking up his residence in his native place, New Britian, Connecticut.

---A black "impediment" has been discovered in Charleston in the person of one of the Registrars. He was promptly locked up.

---General McClellan has just rented his house for another year in Dresden, and entered his children at school there for 1867-'68.

---Stamps to pre-pay telegraph will be sold in France on and after the first of January, 1868. Not a bad example that for us to follow.

---Fifteen quarts of ale per day sufficed to moisten an English workman who recently drowned himself in a fit of delirium tremens.

---In England there has been a decrease in the production of Indian corn during the past ten years, averaging one bushel to each inhabitant.

---Philadelphia has ordered its most imposing and aristocratic thoroughfare---Broad street---to be paved experimentally with the Nicolson pavement.

---A Delaware man, who some years ago cut up and roasted a negro, taking the right hand home with him as a trophy, recently committed suicide.

---The cotton caterpillars emit an odor as of fresh honey, and will destroy a forty acre field in twenty-four hours---the worms, not the smell.

---It takes two hours to wind up the English Parliament clock. The dials are twenty-two feet in diameter, and the hour bell weighs fifteen tons.

---A man assuming to be the Son of God, and predicting that President Johnson had only forty-eight hours to live, was arrested last week in Washington.

---The Belgian riflemen are so proud of the badges given them by the reception committee, that they have petitioned the King to have it considered a decoration.

---A Chicago bachelor, who lives in a boarding house, wants to know "how kissing and hugging at the table may be prevented" among recently married people.

---The cashier of the Exchange Bank, Howell, Mich., absconded the other day, leaving the bank funds minus $10,000. He is but eighteen years old, and very fast.

---The Legislature of Tennessee will meet in October, and the first important duty will be to make choice of a Senator to represent that State in place of Judge Patterson.

---The Legislature of Iowa convened this winter, will elect a United States Senator, to succeed the Hon. J. W. Grimes. Mr. Grimes is not to be a candidate for re-election.

---A newspaper moralist thinks the fashionable watering places are "prolific sources of vice and crime." Perhaps so; certainly the Springs at Saratoga have caused a good deal of *purgery*.

---The Queen of England has over two millions in gold; the Emperor of France three millions; the Queen of Spain two millions and a quarter; the Czar of Russia five millions. We pay Andy Johnson only twenty-five thousand dollars, but some articles are dear at any price.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

FROM MASSACHUSETTS.

Republican State Convention---Speech of Henry Wilson---State Officers Renominated---The Temperance Question.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WORCESTER, MASS., September 11.---The Republican State Convention assembled today. Henry Wilson was elected President and made a brief speech, denouncing Johnson, and speaking eloquently of Stanton, Sheridan, Sickles and others who have been subjected to Executive vengeance or interference.

Gov. Bullock was then renominated, with the balance of the present State officers.

Considerable discussion took place on the liquor question, when a report was adopted that it was inexpedient to take action either way on the Temperance law question.

A Committee on Resolutions reported a series which were adopted. One declares that prohibition never having been made a part of the policy of the Republican party, it cannot be taken up and considered at this time.

Another condemns the President's course, in the interference with Congress, even to the extent of his removal from office.

FROM ST. LOUIS.

Terre Haute, Alton and St. Louis Railroad Changed Hands---Pomological Convention---Telegraphic Union.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, September 11.---The stockholders of the Terre Haute, Alton and St. Louis Railroad arrived here to-day, took formal possession of the road, and elected the old officers of the company for the ensuing year.

Seventeen States are represented in the Pomological Convention now sitting here. No business was transacted to-day, other than the delivery of an address of welcome by Mermy T. Mudd, of the Missouri State Horticultural Society, and Mr. Spaulding, in which he alluded to the great growth of the city generally. Over three hundred were present. One of the features of the exhibition of fruit was a specimen of Baldwin apples, Massachusetts, which was planted by John Endicott, the first Governor of the Colony of Massachusetts Bay. The tree is supposed to have been planted a short time subsequently to the arrival of Gov. Endicott in 1629.

The 20th annual Convention of the National Telegraphic Union met here to-day. Delegates representing practical telegraphers are present from all parts of the country.

YELLOW FEVER.

Ravages at Corpus Christi and Galveston---Death of the President of the Howard Association---Spreading to Interior Towns.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GALVESTON, Sept. 11.---Rev. J. P. Parham, President of the Howard Association at Corpus Christi, died August 20th. Samuel Adams, Assistant Surgeon U. S. A., died on the 9th inst. There were thirty-two deaths from yellow fever here on the 8th, and ten have been added to the city hospital to-day, from the Island. The yellow fever has also appeared in La Grange and other interior towns.

The Scourge at Tortugas.

KEY WEST, September 11.---The steamer Matchless arrived from Fort Jefferson, Tortugas. Dr. Cormick has a letter stating that Maj. Stone, commandant, and Lieuts. Hyland, Bunce and Hall, and fifteen of the Fort are down with yellow fever, as well as many of the command and prisoners. Dr. Smith, Post Surgeon, died on the 8th inst. Mrs. Smith is better. Medicines, doctors and nurses are asked for. The Matchless will leave at once for Tortugas with all possible supplies, which will, it is hoped, have somewhat abated here.

FROM MINNESOTA.

Republican State Convention---Nominations---Payment of Railroad Bonds Enjoined.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. PAUL, MINN., September 11.---The Republican State Convention to-day nominated W. R. Marshall for Governor, S. H. Armstrong for Lieutenant Governor, Col. Rogers for Secretary of State, Emil Munch for Treasurer, and R. E. Cornell for Attorney General. All the nominations were made unanimous.

The platform adopted the usual Republican character were passed, including one opposing the payment of Minnesota Railroad bonds by the State.

FROM WISCONSIN.

Democratic State Convention---Ticket Nominated.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MADISON, WIS., September 11.---The Democratic State Convention to-day nominated J. J. Tallmadge for Governor, G. L. Parks for Lieutenant Governor, Emil Rothe for Secretary of State, F. Wetherby for Attorney General, Dr. Hey for Prison Commissioner, Peter Rupp, of Font Du Lac, for Treasurer, L. C. Draper for superintendent of public institutions, and E. J. Harvey for Bank Comptroller.

INDIAN AFFAIRS.

Progress of the Peace Commissioners---Reservations Located.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SIOUX CITY, September 11.---The Indian Commission reached here to-day, all well. Councils were held with all the different bands as far as Fort Sully. Indian Reservations were located on Big Cheyenne River, and at the mouth of the Niobrara. The Commission will leave at once for Omaha, from thence to Fort Laramie, to visit hostile tribes.

Convention of Good Fellows.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BUFFALO, September 11.---The Annual Convention of the order of Good Fellows met this morning. Delegations are in attendance from New York, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Alabama, Missouri, Kentucky, Maryland and the District of Columbia. Otherwise expected to-night. Five Priver will be initiated to-night. This is to-morrow. The election of officers will probably take place on Friday.

Heavy Storm at Savannah---Damage and Loss of Life by Lightning.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAVANNAH, September 11.---A heavy rain storm prevailed all day. One house was struck by lightning, badly damaged, and Mrs. C. Sachs killed. The track in the Atlantic and Ogden Railroad was washed away near the depot. Travel is not interrupted.

The State Fair at Norristown---Unprecedented Display.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NORRISTOWN, Pa., September 11.---The great international State fair opened to-day. The display of stock and implements exceed anything ever witnessed in this section. Over forty trotting horses entered.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

FOURTH PAGE.---*The fullest and most reliable Money, Oil and Produce Market Reports given by any paper in the city, will be found on our Fourth Page.*

THE O'NEILL-O'NEILL LIBEL.

Statement of the Case---Array of Counsel---The Indictment---The Evidence No Argument for the Defense---Jury Out.

Shortly after eleven o'clock, on Wednesday, the case of the Commonwealth vs. Daniel O'Neill, of the *Dispatch*, was taken up in the Court of Quarter Sessions, before Judge Stowe. The announcement that this noted case would be taken up attracted to the Court room a large number of spectators, among whom were many representatives of the press of this city.

A brief *resume* of the details of the case may be interesting. In April last, it will be remembered, James B. O'Neill, a contractor, of the Second ward of this city, filed in the Court of Common Pleas a petition for a divorce from his wife, on the ground of adultery with Daniel O'Neill---brother-in-law of the petitioner, by a marriage in Ireland with his sister. A day or two before the commencement of the suit for divorce, Daniel O'Neill was married to a young lady of Allegheny city, and on the day the petition was filed was absent from the city. The day after the publication for divorce was published, with the current news of the day, in the various city papers, and libelous matter against Daniel O'Neill, then in New York city, to send home a lengthy statement or affidavit, for publication in the *Dispatch*. It contained a denial of the charge against him of having had criminal intercourse with the wife of J. B. O'Neill, his brother-in-law, and purported to give an account of the relations which had existed between him and J. B. O'Neill and wife. The statement, which is claimed to be utterly false and libellous, was sworn to before a Notary Public. Immediately after its publication J. B. O'Neill went on from the city to present the prosecution against the writer for libel, and the Grand Jury, at the June term, returned a true bill. The case was put over until the present term, and the disposal will be the source of great relief to the parties interested.

ARRAY OF COUNSEL.

The following counsel were engaged in the case: For the prosecution, Marshall Swartzwelder, Robt. M. Gibson (of Washington county), and W. H. Sparrow. For the defense, R. Biddle Roberts, A. M. Brown, John M. Kirkpatrick and W. C. Moreland, Esqs.

CASE OPENED---THE INDICTMENT.

A jury was obtained after considerable challenging, and at about twelve o'clock Mr. Moore opened the case to the jury. He read the indictment, of which the following is an abstract:

That before the printing and publishing of the defamatory and malicious libel hereinafter mentioned, to wit: April 18th, 1867, James B. O'Neill had made under oath and caused to be filed and complaint for divorce from his wife, Mary Ann O'Neill, in the Court of Common Pleas, wherein, among other things, the said James B. O'Neill charged that he and said wife, Mary Ann O'Neill had committed the crime of adultery with one Daniel O'Neill, on certain days and times therein specified, and set forth. The Grand Jury further presume that Daniel O'Neill, printer, late of the city of Pittsburgh, well knowing the premises, but devising and intending to traduce and defame the said James B. O'Neill, and to bring him into great hatred in the minds of the good people of the Commonwealth, and to cause it to be believed that the said James B. O'Neill had been guilty of wilful and corrupt perjury in the matter of his said libel and complaint for divorce from his wife, and thereby to prevent the due administration of justice and to deprive the said James B. O'Neill of the benefit of an impartial investigation of and adjudication upon the charge of adultery against his wife, did wilfully and maliciously print and publish, and did cause and procure to be printed and published the aforesaid scandalous, malicious, and defamatory libel of and concerning the said James B. O'Neill, and of and concerning the said charge of adultery which said scandalous and malicious libel was and is contained, among other things, the false, scandalous, libellous words and phrases as in the words following, of the said James B. O'Neill, and of the charge of adultery: "As I (meaning thereby the said Daniel O'Neill, printer,) am probably the person referred to (thereby meaning and intending to report the libel and application for divorce as aforesaid made by the said James B. O'Neill) I take the earliest opportunity to declare that there is not even the shadow of foundation for his complaint, so far as I am concerned, and to pronounce his statement (thereby meaning and intending the statement and application for divorce made by the said James B. O'Neill, alleged under oath against his said wife, Mary Ann O'Neill, in his said libel and application for divorce as aforesaid) a false, malignant, atrocious and improbable as its character, that no one save a lunatic, or a scoundrel, double dyed in infamy, could have the temerity to utter it," (thereby meaning and intending that he, the said James B. O'Neill, had been guilty of wilful and corrupt perjury in his said complaint and libel for divorce as aforesaid). And in another part thereof, to the tenor following, that is to say: "When I made the declaration that I did, and what is more I am prepared to prove it, I had in my possession the original letter from which the following is an abstract:

That before the printing and publishing of the defamatory and malicious libel hereinafter mentioned, to wit: April 18th, 1867, James B. O'Neill had made under oath and caused to be filed and complaint for divorce from his wife, Mary Ann O'Neill, in the Court of Common Pleas, wherein, among other things, the said James B. O'Neill charged that certain persons had committed the crime of adultery with one Daniel O'Neill, on certain days and times therein specified, and set forth. The Grand Jury further presume that Daniel O'Neill, printer, late of the city of Pittsburgh, well knowing the premises, but devising and intending to traduce and defame the said James B. O'Neill, and to bring him into great hatred in the minds of the good people of the Commonwealth, and to cause it to be believed that the said James B. O'Neill had been guilty of wilful and corrupt perjury in the matter of his said libel and complaint for divorce from his wife, and thereby to prevent the due administration of justice and to deprive the said James B. O'Neill of the benefit of an impartial investigation of and adjudication upon the charge of adultery against his wife, did wilfully and maliciously print and publish, and did cause and procure to be printed and published the aforesaid scandalous, malicious, and defamatory libel of and concerning the said James B. O'Neill, and of and concerning the said charge of adultery which said scandalous and malicious libel was and is contained, among other things, the false, scandalous, libellous words and phrases as in the words following, of the said James B. O'Neill, and of the charge of adultery: "As I (meaning thereby the said Daniel O'Neill, printer,) am probably the person referred to (thereby meaning and intending to report the libel and application for divorce as aforesaid made by the said James B. O'Neill) I take the earliest opportunity to declare that there is not even the shadow of foundation for his complaint, so far as I am concerned, and to pronounce his statement (thereby meaning and intending the statement and application for divorce made by the said James B. O'Neill, alleged under oath against his said wife, Mary Ann O'Neill, in his said libel and application for divorce as aforesaid) a false, malignant, atrocious and improbable as its character, that no one save a lunatic, or a scoundrel, double dyed in infamy, could have the temerity to utter it," (thereby meaning and intending that he, the said James B. O'Neill, had been guilty of wilful and corrupt perjury in his said complaint and libel for divorce as aforesaid). And in another part thereof, to the tenor following, that is to say, "He, (meaning the said James B. O'Neill) knew and must know that I always had the original letter, whereby he, the said James B. O'Neill, had committed the crime of adultery with the said wife of the said James B. O'Neill, and intending the said Mary Ann O'Neill, wife of the said James B. O'Neill, to be made the concubine of the said James B. O'Neill, and what is more he knew that I was prepared to prove it, and what is more he knew that I had in my possession the original letter from which the following is an abstract:

That before the printing and publishing of the defamatory and malicious libel hereinafter mentioned, to wit: April 18th, 1867, James B. O'Neill had made under oath and caused to be filed and complaint for divorce from his wife, Mary Ann O'Neill, in the Court of Common Pleas, wherein, among other things, the said James B. O'Neill charged that certain persons had committed the crime of adultery with one Daniel O'Neill, on certain days and times therein specified, and set forth. The Grand Jury further presume that Daniel O'Neill, printer, late of the city of Pittsburgh, well knowing the premises, but devising and intending to traduce and defame the said James B. O'Neill, and to bring him into great hatred in the minds of the good people of the Commonwealth, and to cause it to be believed that the said James B. O'Neill had been guilty of wilful and corrupt perjury in the matter of his said libel and complaint for divorce from his wife, and thereby to prevent the due administration of justice and to deprive the said James B. O'Neill of the benefit of an impartial investigation of and adjudication upon the charge of adultery against his wife, did wilfully and maliciously print and publish, and did cause and procure to be printed and published the aforesaid scandalous, malicious, and defamatory libel of and concerning the said James B. O'Neill, and of and concerning the said charge of adultery which said scandalous and malicious libel was and is contained, among other things, the false, scandalous, libellous words and phrases as in the words following, of the said James B. O'Neill, and of the charge of adultery: "As I (meaning thereby the said Daniel O'Neill, printer,) am probably the person referred to (thereby meaning and intending to report the libel and application for divorce as aforesaid made by the said James B. O'Neill) I take the earliest opportunity to declare that there is not even the shadow of foundation for his complaint, so far as I am concerned, and to pronounce his statement (thereby meaning and intending the statement and application for divorce made by the said James B. O'Neill, alleged under oath against his said wife, Mary Ann O'Neill, in his said libel and application for divorce as aforesaid) a false, malignant, atrocious and improbable as its character, that no one save a lunatic, or a scoundrel, double dyed in infamy, could have the temerity to utter it," (thereby meaning and intending that he, the said James B. O'Neill, had been guilty of wilful and corrupt perjury in his said complaint and libel for divorce as aforesaid). And in another part thereof, to the tenor following, that is to say, "He, (meaning the said James B. O'Neill) knew and must know that I always had the original letter, whereby he, the said James B. O'Neill, had committed the crime of adultery with the said wife of the said James B. O'Neill, and intending the said Mary Ann O'Neill, wife of the said James B. O'Neill, to be made the concubine of the said James B. O'Neill, and what is more he knew that I was prepared to prove it, and what is more he knew that I had in my possession the original letter from which the following is an abstract:

Mr. Swartzwelder made a brief speech to the jury, detailing connectedly the facts pertaining to the case. J. B. O'Neill, the prosecutor, had filed a petition for a divorce from his wife, setting forth the grounds on which he believed the facts. By doing this he had made no assault on the defendant. But from the newspapers had published the application for divorce was published, with the current news of the day, in the various city papers, and libelous matter against Daniel O'Neill, then in New York city, to send home a lengthy statement or affidavit, for publication in the *Dispatch*. It contained a denial of the charge against him of having had criminal intercourse with the wife of J. B. O'Neill, his brother-in-law, and purported to give an account of the relations which had existed between him and J. B. O'Neill and wife. The statement, which is claimed to be utterly false and libellous, was sworn to before a Notary Public. Immediately after its publication

The Pittsburgh Gazette

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1867.

UNION REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

FOR JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT:

HENRY WARREN WILLIAMS,
of Allegheny County.

SENATE:
RUSSELL ERRETT, of Robinson Tp.

ASSEMBLY:
GEORGE WILSON, Oakland.
WILLIAM E. FORD, City.
ALEXANDER MILLER, McKeesport.
AUGUSTUS BUCHERT, Reserve Tp.
GEORGE R. RIDDLE, Allegheny.
DAVID L. SMITH, Allegheny.

PROTHONOTARY:
JACOB H. WALTER, City.

TREASURER:
J. F. DENNISTON, Liberty Tp.

COMMISSIONER:
A. PILLOW, Tarentum.

CORONER:
WILLIAM CLAWSON, City.

POOR DIRECTOR:
H. M. DAVIS, Sewickley.

JURY COMMISSIONER:
CHARLES PUGH, Manchester.

PROSPECTS OF THE FRENCH METALLURGY.

A few reflections upon European metallurgy will not be considered out of place here in a country where this branch of industry is continually acquiring an increased development, and where, notwithstanding the exertions and ability of the people, it has not yet reached that bright perfection, which the Old World's riper and more developed experience, has not failed to impress upon it.

Twenty years ago England had for herself the whole monopoly of the iron market, the French and German metallurgy, still in infancy, could not rival with her; she produced the best and the cheapest iron, exported large quantities of iron and steel on the continent and struggling against heavy duties, she would have exhausted and ruined any one who dared to raise any pretention to the iron manufactory.

But since that time things have changed. Germany, Italy, Spain, even Russia and above all France, have assumed a prominent peace. Free trade, which in 1856 menaced to overthrown continental competition, gave birth to a new era of fabricating, and France the least favored of all, rose from her long lethargy and commenced to rival with success, even England, by which she had so fearfully been threatened during a period of over fifty years.

France has not, like England, rich mines of ore, or any considerable coal field. She has to draw most everything from abroad; her coal comes from Belgium, her ore from Germany, Italy, Spain, and some from England. Her only advantage is in the skill of her iron-masters, and skillful they certainly are, since they meet such success with foreign competition. The Colburn's *Engineer*, alluding to the manufacture of Bessmer steel, and the new process of steel making introduced by Messrs. T. T. VERDIE & Co., of Firmini, Loire, says: "Both the undertakings—and new undertakings they certainly are—have a merit of novelty since 1862, with which we have nothing to compare, for our advance in the last five years has been one rather of development and reproduction than of improvement and invention. The manufacture of Bessmer steel direct from the blast furnace has been the dream of many an ambitious *maitre de forge*, and within the last year we have heard it called *l'acenir de Bessmer* (the future of Bessmer) by perhaps the greatest ironmaster of the present day."

The new system of Bessmer is well known through the country and has obtained a wonderful success at the last Exhibition in Paris. American iron masters have found it a great invention, and some have called it a revolution in steel making. But a few figures placed here will show more clearly what France, notwithstanding her unfavorable condition, has achieved within the last few years. We quote from the *Bulletin of the Iron and Steel Association*: "The quantity of pig iron imported into France and paying duties has declined by more than ten thousand tons in the first eight months of the year, as compared with the corresponding period of 1866. As regards iron, the same result is indicated, although to a smaller extent. The introduction of minerals has also fallen off by some eight per cent., as compared with the corresponding eight months of 1866. The production of pig iron in France has, on the contrary, increased thirty-three thousand tons and that of iron and plates thirty-four thousand tons during the first half of this year."

It may be concluded, then, from these figures that French metallurgy is a constant course of development, since it always produces more and requires less to meet the consumption of the country.

Meantime, a short sketch of one of the largest iron establishments of France will be read with some interest by those who follow with close attention the progress of this branch of industry. We mean the Creusot. This establishment is of immense proportions, making over one thousand tons of pig iron per annum from twenty furnaces, and converting the whole into machinery, merchant bars, plates, bars, etc. The annual consumption of coal is five hundred thousand tons. The works and mines operated by the company give employment to twelve thousand workmen, and furnish support to forty thousand souls.

OUR BOOK TABLE.

The author of the "Chronicles of the Schonberg-Cotta Family" obtained an enviable reputation by the publication of that work. Since its appearance, several volumes of her writings have been published. Her work entitled the "Daytons and the Davenants," an alternated story, in the form of a diary and narrative, of the religious movements and condition of Great Britain in the stormy times of the Roundheads and Cavaliers, increased her fame. And the publication of the "Diary of Kitty Trevelyan" and "Winfred Bertram," still further augmented her circle of readers. Her intimate and extensive knowledge of the history and literature of the times whereof she writes, enabled her to execute the work well. It is very generally conceded to her that none of modern days is superior in this special department of christian labor. In these works is displayed an extraordinary ability in the analysis of human nature, and the delineation of human character. Her works have been given to the public by her enterprising publisher, Mr. M. W. Dodd, Broadway, New York.

THE PHYSIOLOGY OF MAN; designed to represent the existing state of Physiological Science as applied to the functions of the Human Body. By Austin Flint, Jr., M.D. New York: D. Appleton & Co. Pittsburgh: For sale by Davis, Clarke & Co.

This is the second volume in a series of four, intended to illustrate the Science of Physiology, and to embody all the results of investigation in that department up to the present time. The volumes are distinct in themselves, treating of a definite portion of the general subject, and in no way interlacing, yet, taken together, making up a complete system. The volume issued last year discoursed of the Blood, &c. The present one is devoted to the great functions of Digestion and Absorption.

General readers are aware that many points relating to Alimentation were complicated by a mass of conflicting observations and statements by the earlier physiologists and even by modern experimenters; that now there are serious differences of opinion with regard to some of the most important facts connected with this function, and that while physicists widely disagree in theory—they are yet farther apart in their own habits and the course they recommend to their patients. The present treatise endeavors to avoid somewhat of this confusion by treating these questions upon the basis of accumulated experimental facts, without regarding mere opinions, even of the highest authority, when based upon insufficient data.

With regard to absorption, very much has been developed within the last few years by accurate experimental researches, in which some of the sources of error in the earlier observations have been avoided, by remarkably successful experiments upon living animals, and by the application of improved methods for the analysis of animal fluids. The author, recognizing the importance of all these methods of study, has endeavored to give most extended application of physical laws to the mechanism of absorption.

While this work is primarily intended for the use of physiologists and physicians, and necessarily contains many technological terms, it may nevertheless be read with interest and profit by all intelligent individuals. Indeed, no where else, within anything like the same space, can so accurate and expansive a view of the present condition of physiological science, so far as it pertains to the human race, be obtained as in these volumes, provided the ones yet to come compare with those already issued, and comport with the high character of the writer, as we doubt not they will.

THE HOUSEHOLD OF SIR THOMAS MORE. By the author of "Mary Powell." New York: M. W. Dodd. For sale by Davis, Clarke & Co., 95 Wood street.

The little volume is of the class of writing of the biographical romance, which gave the *Schonberg-Cotta Family* such popularity. It purports to be a diary written by a daughter of Sir Thomas, in which the quaint style of language and thought of the times of 1555, are chronicled. The work glows with beautiful sketchy paragraphs, and the antique style, if anything, increases the interest of the reader in its perusal. The author exhibits her rare ability and charming style throughout its pages. The record of so good and brave man should have a multitude of readers. Dodd has brought out the volume in elegant style and at low price.

JACQUES BONNEVAL; or the Days of the Dragonnades. By the author of "Mary Powell," "The Fairc Gospeller," etc. New York: M. W. Dodd, publisher. Sold by Davis, Clarke & Co., 95 Wood street.

Perhaps no book of its size and class is entitled to so much praise as this one, because of its faithful portraiture of men and things. The character of the Roman Catholic Church is vividly presented in words of beauty and instruction. Its publication will do good, and it will doubtless find its way into many Sunday School libraries, because of its unexceptionable character. It ought to, and doubtless will, have a large circulation.

DOMBEY AND SON. By Charles Dickens. Peoples' Edition. With illustrations by H. K. Browne. Pp. 995. Philadelphia: T. B. Peterson & Brothers, publishers. For sale by Henry Miner, Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

This enterprising publishing house have issued, and have for sale at the present time, twenty-three other editions of the complete works of Charles Dickens, besides, the "Peoples' Edition, Illustrated." It is a marvel how such a good sized, stout and well bound volume, of about one thousand pages, can be sold at the low price of $1,50. While the paper is thin, it is white; type large and clear, and leaded. The illustrations are life like, and add additional interest to its pages. Dombey and Son with some is pre-eminent among the works of Dickens. This, however, is a matter of taste. The leading characters of all his writings are pictured with such vivid faithfulness, that lends a charm to his works and in a measure accounts for their popularity. Honest Captain Cutter, the pure-loving Florence, the villainous and oily Carker, like the imperious Dombey, are drawn by a master's hand, and almost seem to be living objects. This edition will doubtless have a large sale.

THE EARLY YEARS OF HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS, THE PRINCE CONSORT. Compiled under the direction of Her Majesty the Queen, by Lieutenant-General, the Hon. C. Grey. New York: Harper & Brothers. Pittsburgh: Henry Miner, *Fifth street.*

Exalted as Queen Victoria has been regarded heretofore by many in this country, the perusal of this volume will tend to increase this feeling. The characteristics of the domestic life of herself and the Prince Consort, develop the deep rooted affection which existed in the hearts of this royal couple. Many no doubt question the motives for uncovering domestic life to the gaze of the public, and yet, delicate as it may appear, the act shows a purity of motive, and sincerity of purpose, that relieves her of all censure in making public what is usually a matter of family interest. The knowledge of their intense interest in each other, as was heretofore mere gossip, is no longer a matter of conjecture. Developments are made of their inner life, that give a beauty and charm to wedded joys, and such bliss rarely enjoyed, or exemplified by royal lovers.

The reason for giving the history to the public seem fair and beyond question, though it was originally intended for circulation exclusively among the relatives. It is understood that a considerable portion of it was written by the Queen herself. It gives a full history of the courtship and marriage of the Queen and Prince, and also of their married life to the time of the birth of the Princess Royal. Their love for each other commenced while they were quite young, and gradually increased, until Victoria was elevated to the throne, when she, by her position, took the initiative step to ask his hand and heart. The book will be much sought after, because of its intrinsic merits, as well as the interest usually felt in such works. Harpers have brought out the work in elegant style—royal style—at nearly one-third the price of the European edition.

ANGELIC PHILOSOPHY OF THE DIVINE LOVE AND WISDOM. By Emanuel Swedenborg. From the original Latin, as edited by Dr. J. F. I. Tafel. Translated by R. Hartman Foster. Philadelphia: J. B. Lippincott & Co., Publishers. *For sale by Henry Miner, Fifth street.*

No system of religion in these latter days has awakened so much interest as Swedenborgism, and with it a desire to understand its deep mysterious workings. There has always been a charm attached to it, of the ethereal cast, which has attracted multitudes to its standard, and no wonder, as it is composed of such elements as will find followers.

The translator has carefully retained the original ideas and thoughts of the distinguished author with a purity and completeness that must commend the work to the followers of Swedenborg in a special manner. The translator states in the preface that love, wisdom, advice—or will, understanding, and their exercise—or affection, thought and action—are trinal categories perpetually recurring in all sorts of relations throughout the work. The good and the true, the evil and the false, as terms, occur still more frequently. In their very simple terms and their relations, the chief difficulties of translation present themselves. The work itself evidently is designed to present the cardinal views of the system, as believed by the faithful followers of the eminent Swedenborg; and the careful perusal of it can hardly fail to convey the impression that it is a remarkable combination of philosophical reasoning, and a species of illumination and seership, which has rarely been produced in the field of letters. The work is divided into five parts, in which all the prominent doctrines of Swedenborgism are discussed clearly and with signal ability. The publishers, like the translator, have executed their part well, both as it regards type, paper and binding.

HOME LIFE; A JOURNAL. By Elizabeth M. Sewell, author of "Amy Herbert," "Laneton Parsonage," "A Glimpse of the World," etc. New York: D. Appleton & Company, Publishers. For sale by Davis, Clarke & Co., 95 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

Works of this kind are rare, combining instruction of an elevated tone, and written in a captivating style. This volume was written with a view to illustrate not only a few fundamental principles of education, but also the difficulties and disappointments attendant upon the endeavor to carry them out under ordinary circumstances and among ordinary people. The moral tone which runs through the book renders it worthy of being placed in the hands of young persons with safety. The lessons taught will do good. Her previous writings have won her some literary fame, and we think this volume will enhance it considerably. The book is nicely printed and tastily bound, worthy of this large establishment.

THE CONFESSION OF GERALD ESCOURT. By Florence Marryat. Loring, Publisher: Boston.

This is one of Loring's Railway Novels, and is portable for travelers by rail or boat. The author has achieved some reputation, and is regarded with much favor for her great talent and power of expression; power to picture to the minds of her readers the conceptions which occupy her own.

HOLMES' PATRIOTIC SONS. By S. M. Holmes, Syracuse, N. Y.

It contains twenty-seven songs, some of them of the most radical cast.

TICKNOR & FIELDS

Announce the following publications in press, to be published in September, in addition to the three editions of Charles Dickens' works: Whittier's Poems—Diamond edition; Dante's Vita Nuova; Life of Josiah Quincy; Waverley and Guy Mannering, the first two volumes of a new edition of the Waverley Novels. In October they will publish a volume of new poems by Matthew Arnold; a new volume of poems by Owen Meredith, and also one of Robert Browning; the Lover's Diary, a volume of poems by Alice Carey—beautifully illustrated; a new and cheap edition of Tennyson's poems—illustrated; a volume for Juveniles, by Mrs. Stowe, entitled Queer Little People, and also one for the little folks by Alice Carey, entitled Snow Berries, and Grimmis Goblins—illustrated in colors. The publications for November comprise a holiday edition of Snow Bound, with forty illustrations; holiday edition of Lucile, with twenty-four illustrations; the Guardian Angel by O. W. Holmes; Prayers of the Ages—1st vol.; Stories and Sights of France and Italy, by Grace Greenwood, and a Journey in Brazil, by Prof. and Mrs. Agassiz—fully illustrated; 1st vol., 8vo.

D. APPLETON AND COMPANY.

This well known publishing house have just issued Wit and Wisdom of Don Quixote; Human Elements in the Inspiration of the Sacred Scriptures; Principles of Biology; Iron Manufacture of Great Britain; and Foreign Tour of Messrs. Brown, Jones and Robinson. Will soon be ready, a work entitled a New System of Infantry Tactics, Double and Single Rank. On the fourteenth the Daughter of an Empress, by Louisa Muhlbach, and a revised edition of Cornell's Intermediate Geography.

An apt and literal illustration of the old adage that lazy people take the most pains, is recorded in an English paper. It was simply the explosion of a hot water bottle, but as it resulted in the death of one person, and the serious injury of several others, it was considered of sufficient importance to be reported by the engineers of the Manchester Boiler Association. The bottle was of earthenware and had been used, filled with hot water, to warm a sick child. When it was cold, instead of taking the trouble to untie the waxed cord which bound the cork and refilling it with hot water, the attendants put it into the oven to be heated. In a short time the bottle exploded, the oven door was torn off and fragments of iron and pottery were thrown into the room with such violence as to wound three persons, one dying the next day. This incident not only carries a direct lesson in regard to hot water bottles, but showing a violent explosion from the slow and gradual accumulation of steam pressure, gives warning that household boilers, to be free from danger, should be fitted with either movable covers or safety valves, to relieve the imperceptible but excessive pressure so likely to accumulate.

CHOLERA! CHOLERA!

With the almost certain advent of Cholera, no thoughtful person will be unprepared for it. Secure what experience has demonstrated to be the most certain antidote—that which has cured once will cure again, and never purchase a new and untried article, when an OLD AND RELIABLE ARTICLE can be had. When the cholera visited us on two former occasions, it was found by experience that

FLEMING'S CHOLERA MIXTURE

Was the best, and superseded all others, therefore it stands to reason that, if you would have an article that you can depend on, you should purchase it to the exclusion of all others.

Sold only in Pittsburgh, at

JOSEPH FLEMING'S DRUG STORE,

Corner Diamond and Market Street.

ARE YOU BILIOUS!

Multitudes of both sexes will answer this question in the affirmative; for, next to disorders of the stomach, liver complaints are perhaps the most prevalent of all internal diseases. Its usual symptoms are a yellowish tinge in the whites of the eyes, especially near the inner corners, an uneasy or slightly painful sensation in the right side, pain between the shoulder blades, sick headache, lassitude, mental dullness, lack of appetite and irregularity of the bowels. Whoever recognizes this diagnosis as applying to his own condition, may be quite certain that more bile exists in his blood and less passes through his bowels than is expedient for his health, and that he further swallows nothing and regrets it. One of the special uses of

HOSTETTER'S BITTERS

is to meet just such exigencies as this. Its tonic principle rouses the liver from its torpor, and its aperient elements gently relieves the intestinal canal of the accretions consequent upon an insufficient supply of nature's cathartic, the bile. Persons of bilious habit will find it the best safeguard against the attacks to which they are constitutionally predisposed, and should carefully avoid all the ordinary alcoholic stimulants.

CURE OF FISTULA.

DR. KEYSER: I write to thank you for your kindness and scientific management of my disease, for which I called to consult you some time in January last. You will remember that I had a complication of diseases which finally ended in a terrible fistula, which had been advised to "let alone" on account o a harassing cough, which it was feared might asfen on my lungs. I knew that the popular m de of treating diseases like mine was by a cutting operation, which, if successful at all, would naturally throw the disease upon the lungs or some other vital organ, on account of the suddenness of the cure and the immediate check to a discharge which I was constrained to believe was a salutary provision of Nature to get rid of some morbid condition in the system. I feel perfectly satisfied that your method of treatment, purifying to the system, and local applications to the fistulous part, must cure, if anything could, without cutting, which I find it did, and I am happy to report myself well in every particular, with soundar and better health than I have had for years. I would also add that the applications you made were almost painless, and have left me a new man, with all the energies an vigor of restored health.

Yours, gratefully,
C——.

Dr. Keyser's consultation rooms are No. 126 Penn street, from 9 A. M. until 4 p. m.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., Adams Express Office, 54 Fifth Street, is an authorized Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other papers throughout the United States and the Canadas.

GRAY, POSSIEL & RESE,
No. 62 FIFTH ST.,

HAVE THE PLEASURE TO announce to their customers and the public that they have received their complete stock of—

Fall Woolens,
West of England,
Scotch and French,
Coatings and Cassimeres,
Silk, Plush and Velvet Vestings,

Being the largest and best selection of goods we have ever before introduced into this market. IMPORTED FURTHER BEST CUSTOM TRADE. Notwithstanding the high price of imported goods, having purchased our stock for cash, we are enabled to offer superior inducements to all who may favor us with their patronage, which cannot fail to be to their advantage.

Thanking our customers for the very liberal support they have extended to us during the past, we will endeavor to merit their continued approbation in the future, by giving close attention to their requirements.

GRAY, POSSIEL & RESE,
MERCHANT TAILORS,
62 Fifth street.

FRESH SALMON, in 1 and 2 lb. cans; fresh Lobster, in 1 and 2 lb. cans; fresh Asparagus, in 2 lb. cans; Green Corn, Lima Beans, Condensed Milk, Strawberries, Whortleberries, Blackberries, Sardines, Olive Oil, Worcestershire Sauce, Essence Shrimps, Anchovies, &c., for sale at lowest rates, at

FRANCE'S TEA MART,
15 Diamond, Pittsburgh.
Terms cash. Goods delivered free.

WINDOW SHADES, of all styles, colors and sizes; also, flat Holland, Transparent Green Oil Cloth, of all widths and at low prices, wholesale and retail, by

J. & R. PHILLIPS,
25 and 28 St. Clair street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

L. N. HALL, Manufacturer of HAVANA AND DOMESTIC CIGARS,

Wholesale and retail dealer in TOBACCO, CIGARS, SNUFF, PIPES, &c. Lowest in Tobacco always on hand.

181 WOOD STREET,
se12:r33 Corner Liberty, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE,
An Old Established Drug Store,

Situated in a good location, and doing a good retail and prescription trade. For further particulars address P. O. BOX 474, Pittsburgh, Pa. se12:r24

BOARDING.
GOOD BOARDING AND COMFORTABLE LODGING

by the DAY or WEEK may be obtained at Mrs. SHAMMERS, opposite the Iron City Bank, 79 Fourth Street. se12

D. R. ECKER,
DEALER IN
CEMENT, FIRE BRICK AND TILE, STONE HEARTH, WHITE LIME, CHIMNEY TOPS, AND WATER PIPES.

Office and Warehouse, 157 FIRST STREET, opposite Monongahela House. se12

DISSOLUTION.—The Co-Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name of

HOSS & CLARK,

Was dissolved on the 6th inst., by mutual consent. A. CLARK,
ANDREW MOSS.
Mansfield, Allegheny Co., Pa., Sept. 10, 1867. se12:r27

STRAYED OR STOLEN—From East Liberty, on Sunday, the 8th inst., a

BAY MARE.

With open buggy attached. The mare is seven years old and fifteen hands high. Any information concerning her will be thankfully received at McCALLIN & BROS., corner of Ella and Wylie sts., Pittsburgh. se12:r26

$20 REWARD.—STOLEN from the pasture field of the undersigned, on last Tuesday night, A LIGHT RED COW, five years old and giving milk; expected to be fresh soon. Any one giving information of her, or arresting the thief, will receive the above reward. T. W. SHAW,
se12:r28 Shaw's Mills, Allegheny Co., Pa.

FOR SALE—FOUR ACRES OF GROUND, on Mount Hope, adjoining property of Chief Taylor, Esq. One of the finest views in the neighborhood, embracing a full view of the two rivers, Manchester, Allegheny, part of Pittsburgh and the surrounding country. Five minutes' walk from Railroad or Street Car Station. Enquire of

JAMES W. ARNOTT,
se11:r28 No. 37 Fifth street.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.—A very desirable three-story Brick Dwelling House, with slate roof, containing ten rooms, very handsomely finished, with marble mantles and grates in parlors, sliding doors, dumb waiter, hall and dining room floors laid with English tiles, in variegated colors. Will be one of the most desirable residences in the city, within three minutes' walk to the Market House and Post Office. Will be sold at a bargain. Enquire of

JAMES W. ARNOTT,
se11:f29 No. 37 Fifth street.

AMERICAN
Photographic Copying Company.

If you have any Daguerreotypes, Ambrotypes, or Photographs, of any kind, and wish them copied, send them by mail to the above named Company, and they will send six correct Albumen Photographs for Mackie, or twelve for $1, without coloring the original picture.

Address
BOX 78, CANONSBURG, PA.,
Enclosing price, with stamps for return postage. se11:m27

STORE STAND FOR RENT.

The old established ST. BERNARD of William Kirk, deceased, at East Waterford, Juniata county, Pa., will be rented on reasonable terms, from one to five years. It is well located in a good community, and will be accommodated to a large trade.

There is also a variety of STORE GOODS, lately purchased, on hand, which will be sold at wholesale, at a great bargain. By purchasing the goods a good stand of the stand will be given immediately.

Application to be made to

J. M. MORRISON, or
MRS. MARY KIRK,
se11:f26 at East Waterford, Juniata Co., Pa.

WHITE, ORR & CO.,
25 FIFTH STREET.

Have opened a new stock of

BLACK AND COLORED SILKS,

TO WHICH

They Invite the Attention of Buyers,
se12

DUPONT'S
GUNPOWDER.

This well known Powder is put up in patent metallic kegs for shipping, which are durable and transport than wooden kegs, and having been in general use by the public and the trade for many years, our only recommendation as to its quality.

Orders promptly attended to. MINING and BLASTING, in all size packages, always on hand and for sale at the Magazines at the LOWEST MARKET RATES.

D. W. C. BIDWELL & CO.,
Cor. Water St. and Cherry Alley.
se12:f165

TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND
Half Spanish Segars,

Just received on consignment, will be sold as low as

Eight Dollars For Thousand.

ROBERT F. WEDDELL,
Corner of SMITHFIELD & WATER Sts.
se12:

MARSHAL'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of conditional appraisal, issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Pennsylvania, and to me directed, I will expose to public sale at the Marshal's Office, Williamsport, Lycoming county, Pa., on TUESDAY, the 17th day of SEPTEMBER, 1867, at 10 o'clock A. M., the following described property, to wit:

Forty-five Barrels of Whisky, containing 2,500 gallons; Eight Empty Barrels; One Cutter; all of belonging to the Distillery Establishment and Three Boilers, Wooden Still and Mash Tub, and Low Wines, Distilling Vessels, and other appurtenances to the said Distillery, and used in operating the same, seized and condemned as the property of JESSE R. HANK, at the suit of the United States. Terms cash.

THOS. A. ROWLEY,
U. S. Marshal Western District Penn'a.
September 11th, 1867. se12

HAZARD POWDER.

I AM NOW PREPARED TO fill, at shortest notice, all orders for large or small lots of

HAZARD'S CELEBRATED POWDER.

All orders left at or sent by mail to my store, Nos. 172 and 174 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny City, Pa., or to 102 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa., will receive prompt attention.

ARTHUR KIRK.
se11:r30

AT EATON'S.

OPENED THIS DAY.

Hamburg Edgings,
French Cambric Bands,
Tucked Skirtings,
Victoria Lawns,

AT 17 FIFTH STREET.

AMERICAN TEA COMPANY,
No. 2 St. Clair Street.

NEW CROP FINE TEAS,
NEW CARGO FINE TEAS,
SELLING AT NEW YORK PRICES!

Special inducements offered to large consumers.

AMERICAN TEA CO.,
No. 2 ST. CLAIR STREET.
se10:th2w1TTS

ESTABLISHED 1833.

HOUSES FITTED UP WITH

GAS,
Hot and Cold Water, &c.,

By experienced and practical workmen.

JOHN M. TATE,
Plumber and Gas Fitter,
227 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh; and
59 Federal Street, Allegheny.
ly28:w30TH&S

NOTICE TO THE HOLDERS OF
BOUNTY BONDS,

Issued by the School Board of the First Ward, City of Allegheny.

Parties holding Bonds numbered as follows: 9's, 29, 35, 70, 71, 97, 103, are hereby notified to present them to S. P. SHRIVER, Esq., for redemption, as they will cease to bear interest from this date.

By order of the School Board.
C. W. BENNET, Secretary.
Allegheny, Sept. 5, '67. se5:s7

REMOVAL.

J. LOUGHREY.....ALEXANDER FREW.

LOUGHREY & FREW,
Have removed to
No. 31 Market St.,
(CORNER OF SECOND,) PITTSBURGH,

Where they are prepared to manufacture all kinds of

Saddles, Harness, Trunks,

And all articles in their line usually kept in first-class establishments.

WE WILL KEEP ON HAND and make to order all kinds of Spring and Plain WAGONS, CARTS, DRAYS, WHEELBARROWS, TRUCKS, LOCUST HUBS, and TURNED SPOKES, HAY RAKES and FORKS,

At Duquesne Wagon Works, near the Penitentiary, Allegheny City.
se10:m30 COLEMAN, FORRESTER & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GRAND
UNION REPUBLICAN
MEETING.
AT
MONONGAHELA HOUSE,
THIS (Thursday) EVENING,
AT 7 O'CLOCK.

Col. RUSSELL ERRETT,
Hon. THOS. M. MARSHALL,
Hon. F. B. PENNIMAN,
Gen. F. H. COLLIER,
H. C. MACRELL, Esq.,
And others, will address the meeting.

☞ A splendid Brass Band will be in attendance. se12

ROLLING MILL FOR SALE.

AN ADJOURNED SALE of the EXCELSIOR IRON WORKS,

Consisting of Rolling Mill and Hinge Factory, situated near Manchester, belonging to Lindsay, Mitchell & Co., together with 8 new dwellings of Owens & Semple, together with 8 new dwellings of Owens & Semple, together with 8 new dwellings of Owens & Semple,

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

NEW GOODS!

FRENCH MERINOS,

Silk Warp Poplins,

PLAIN AND STRIPED POPLINS,

WOOL PLAIDS,

Shawls, Table Linens,

Ginghams, Checks, Tickings,

Country Flannels,

Fine Flannels,

Jeans and Cassimeres,

Country Blankets,

Grey Blankets, Coverlets,

Cotton Batting,

Balmoral and Hoop Skirts,

New Bonnets, Hats, Ribbons,

Flowers, Notions, &c.,

A WELL ASSORTED AND DESIRABLE STOCK,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

180 and 182 Federal St.,

ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

oct9

AT

JOSEPH HORNE & CO.'S,

Buyers will find the LARGEST and BEST ASSORTMENT IN THE CITY, of

Straw and Millinery Goods;

Ribbons, Flowers, Frames;

Embroideries, Laces;

Handkerchiefs, White Goods;

Gloves, Hosiery, Woolen Goods;

Hoop and Balmoral Skirts;

Yarns, Worsteds;

Furnishing Goods;

Paper Collars;

Fancy Goods and Notions;

AND AT POPULAR PRICES!

WE ARE ALSO RECEIVING

NEW GOODS,

And will have all the latest NOVELTIES. Call and examine, at

77 and 79 Market Street.

Agents for HALL & MANNING'S SPOOL COTTON. au23:180

FIRST ARRIVAL!

OF

FALL GOODS!

MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

BEAD GIMPS AND BUTTONS,
BEAD NECKLACES, BEADED BELTS,
GUTTA PERCHA FANS, something new,
BUCKLES AND BRACELETS,
BOGWOOD AND CORAL SETS,
LADIES' SATCHELS,
GENTS' TRAVELING BAGS,
HAMBURG WORK,
JACONET EDGINGS AND INSERTINGS,
THREAD EDGINGS AND INSERTINGS,
MALTESE COLLARS,
GRAPE COLLARS, new styles,
TRIMMING RIBBONS,
50 doz. TUCKED HANDK'F'S, 25 cents each,
MORRISON'S "STAR" SHIRTS, a full line.

Together with our Summer Stock of

HOSIERY AND GLOVES,
TRIMMINGS AND NOTIONS generally!

We Offer to Buyers, Wholesale and Retail

At the Very Lowest Prices,

MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.,

75 & 80 MARKET STREET.

aug8

JUST OPENED,

AT

MACRUM & CARLISLE'S,

No. 19 Fifth Street,

RICH AND ELEGANT STYLES OF

BEAD GIMPS AND FRINGES.

A NEW LOT, VERY CHEAP, OF

MALTESE LACE COLLARS AND HEMSTITCHED HANDKERCHIEFS,
PURSE ENGLISH TRIMMING RIBBONS,
HAMBURG EDGINGS, new Styles,
FRENCH CORSETS, new shapes,
BRADLEY'S DUPLEX SKIRTS, new shape.

We have just opened a superior lot of

Ladies' Promenade Satchels, and Gents' Traveling Bags,

Of the best quality and most popular styles. We invite special attention to our new lot of

English Cotton Hosiery and English and French Made

GLOVES.

The "Star" Shirt,

And all kinds of FURNISHING GOODS, at LOW PRICES.

Merchants and Dealers supplied at Low Prices.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

No. 19 Fifth Street.

jy20

NEW GOODS!

AT

J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO'S,

No. 27 Market Street.

New Calicos for 12½c.

Bleached Muslins for 12½c.

10-4 Bleached Sheeting, 50.

New Dark Chintz, 50c.

Remember the place,

No. 27 Market Street.

aug18:180

NEW GOODS. NEW GOODS.

AT

DENNISON & HECKERT'S,

NO. 27 FIFTH STREET,

We are now receiving our

FALL GOODS,

To which we invite the attention of our friends and customers.

DENNISON & HECKERT.

sep4:wf

NEW GOODS.

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,

(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,

No. 94 WOOD STREET,

Third house above Diamond alley,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

GERMAN SOAP.—25 bxs. Procter & Gamble's Mottled German Soap, just received and for sale at the lowest price by

JOHN A. BROWN,

aug31 corner Liberty and Ferry streets.

ICE CREAM, EATING, &c.

WILLIAMSON'S

DINING ROOMS,

No. 26 Market St.,

(Between Second and Third Streets,)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

The house is newly furnished with everything that constitutes a first class Eating House. The choicest of everything the market affords will be served up at all hours of the day or night.

LADIES' DINING ROOMS, second floor.

J. H. WILLIAMSON, Proprietor.

The highest market price paid for all kinds of vegetables in Barter. jy20:wf

JAMES B. YOUNGSON,

No. 200 Wylie Street,

Respectfully informs all those who are in want of anything in his line that he has opened a first class

BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY,

At the above number. Fresh BREAD & CAKES, of all descriptions, on hand. Also, FRUITS, NUTS, &c. Splendid ICE CREAM ROOM, refitted up in style. Special attention given to furnishing Private Parties, Dinners and Picnics with ICE CREAM, CAKES and FRUIT.

FRESH BREAD morning and evening.

NEW ICE CREAM SALOON.

P. H. M'GUIRE,

No. 89 FIFTH STREET, above Smithfield, opposite Dr. Clark's Methodist Church. ICE CREAM, SODA WATER, FANCY CAKES, FRUIT, CONFECTIONERY, &c.

Parties and private families supplied at short notice and reasonable terms.

SUNDAY SCHOOL CELEBRATIONS, PICNICS, DINNER PARTIES, &c., furnished with the best

ICE CREAM, CONFECTIONARIES,

CAKES, FRUITS, &c.,

At the lowest price and on the shortest notice, by

JULIUS RICHTER

No. 10 DIAMOND, Allegheny.

jy28:wf

PAINTERS.

WESLEY COULTER.....JOHN LANE.

COULTER & LANE,

House and Sign Painters,

No. 100 GRANT STREET, Pittsburgh,

(Opposite Cathedral.)

GLASS CARDS done to order.

W. B. ROWLAND.....W. M. HARRIS.

ROWLAND & HARRIS,

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS,

GRAINERS AND GLAZIERS,

No. 64 DIAMOND, ALLEGHENY.

CALCIMINING done in the best manner.

J. K. HAMILTON, Jr.,

House and Sign Painter,

No. 133 THIRD STREET, Pittsburgh,

Graining, Glazing and Gilding

NEATLY EXECUTED.

MIXED PAINTS, VARNISHES, PUTTY, GLASS, BRUSHES, TURPENTINE, WHITE LEAD, ZINC, &c. jy2:ly

F. B. HUTCHINSON.....E. J. HEPBURN.

HUTCHINSON & HEPBURN,

HOUSE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS,

GRAINERS AND GLAZIERS,

No. 85 PENN'A AVENUE, Pittsburgh.

All orders by mail promptly attended to.

REMOVAL.

JOHN F. CLULEY,

House and Sign Painter,

Has removed to

No. 136 SMITHFIELD ST., Pittsburgh, Pa.,

Opposite the old stand.

ROBERT M'COWAN.....GEO. H. SNYDER.

M'COWAN & SNYDER,

HOUSE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTERS, AND GRAINERS AND GLAZIERS,

No. 65, North side of Diamond, Allegheny.

Commercial and glass signs made to order.

Orders respectfully solicited and promptly executed. Mixed Paints, Window Glass and Putty constantly on hand. ap18:1y

CARPENTERS, BUILDERS.

WM. J. DICK,

Carpenter and Builder,

NO. 34 PENNSYLVANIA AVE.,

Opposite High street, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Residence, No. 46 Grant street.

Jobbing done with neatness and dispatch. All orders promptly attended to, and satisfaction guaranteed. ap8:wf

C. YOEST.....A. YOEST.

J. M. YOEST.....G. P. YOEST, Foreman.

YOEST BROTHERS,

House Carpenters and Builders.

All kinds of Jobbing and Building promptly attended to. Orders left at No. 400 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh, and No. 15 PEARL ST., Broomfield.

JNO. FRANCIS.....SAM'L FRANCIS.

J. & S. FRANCIES,

CARPENTERS AND BUILDERS,

Contracts taken for Buildings, Store Fronts and Jobbing. Particular attention given to Heavy Framing for Foundries and Shops, of all descriptions.

Nos. 266 and 268 Robinson St., Allegheny City, Pa. 17:ap6

Z. H. PALMER,

House Builder and Carpenter,

Office, corner of BAKER'S ALLEY and DUQUESNE WAY.

Jobbing and Repairing done with neatness and dispatch. jy28:ly

HOUSE BUILDERS AND CARPENTERS.

BUILDING AND REPAIRS promptly attended to

FURGESON & BECK,

aug12: 17 Smithfield street.

HATS, CAPS, &c.

HATS! HATS!

W. P. GRAHAM.....OWEN BYRNE.

GRAHAM & BYRNE,

No. 52 St. Clair Street.

Have now on hand an excellent stock of latest styles

Hats and Caps,

AT THE VERY LOWEST PRICES!

sep18:wf

NEW FALL GOODS,

JUST RECEIVING, AT

M'CORD & CO.'S,

No. 181 Wood St.

A very large stock of

HATS, CAPS AND FURS,

All the new styles for the FALL SALES, selling at THE LOWEST PRICES. aug3

LIVERY STABLES.

MERCHANTS'

LIVERY AND SALE STABLE,

J. W. NICHOLSON, PROPRIETOR.

NOS. 141 AND 143 THIRD STREET,

(Opposite Merchants' Hotel.)

HORSES, CARRIAGES, &c., for hire. Particular attention paid to purchase and sale of Horses.

THOMAS MORELAND.....DANIAL L. MITCHELL.

MORELAND & MITCHELL,

Livery and Sale Stables,

426 LIBERTY STREET,

Opposite Pennsylvania Railroad Depot.

PITTSBURGH.

Particular attention paid to furnishing Hearse and Carriages for funerals.

Horses kept at livery. my2:ly6

H. B. MILLER, Bazaar, Livery and SALE STABLES. Also, Furnishing Undertaker. All kinds of Coffins, &c., at the lowest rates, kept constantly on hand. CARSON STREET, between Orange and Ferree streets, Birmingham. Horses, Carriages and new Buggies for hire. Hearses and Carriages always in readiness for Funerals. Horses kept at livery by the day, month or year, and situated to it in the best manner. Private families furnished with the safest Horses and most elegant Carriages. Stables kept open all hours of the day and night. my2:ly6

PIANOS, ORGANS, &c.

CHAS. B. K. BR. KNE. TH. KNABE. W. L. BUETTLER.

BARR, KNABE & BUETTLER,

Successors to WAMELINK & BARR,

No. 12 St. Clair St., Pittsburgh.

DEALERS IN

Pianos, Organs,

And Musical Goods generally.

Sole Agents for the Celebrated BRADBURY, New York, and SCHOMACKER & CO. Philadelphia, PIANOS.

Also, MEYER & CO.'S "COTTAGE," and D. A. K. W. SMITH'S "AMERICAN" ORGANS, CASTILLON'S PATENT GUITAR.

The best Italian and German Violin and Guitar Strings always on hand. a17:ly28

KNABE'S UNRIVALLED PIANOS.—The purest in tone; the most powerful; the most delicate, and will stand in tune longer than any other. New stock just received.

For sale at less than factory prices.

CHARLOTTE BLUME, 42 Fifth street,

Sole Agent for Knabe's Pianos, Haines Bros. Pianos, and Prince's Automatic Organs. aug6

LITHOGRAPHERS.

BENJAMIN SINDERLY.....PHILIP CLAIS

SINDERLY & CLAIS,

(Successors to Geo. F. Schuchman & Co.,)

PRACTICAL LITHOGRAPHERS

The ONLY STEAM LITHOGRAPHIC ESTABLISHMENT between WHEELING and PHILADELPHIA. Business Cards, Letter Heads, Bonds, Labels, Circulars, Show Cards, Diplomas, Portraits, Views, Certificates of Deposits, Invitation Cards, &c. Nos. 78 and 76 Third st., Pittsburgh. aug6:wly

CHAS. A. MILLER,

LITHOGRAPHER,

No. 80 FOURTH ST., Apollo Building,

CHECKS, DRAFTS, NOTES, BILL and LETTER HEADS, &c., done in all styles. ap18:1y

The Pittsburgh Gazette

THURSDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 12, 1867.

The Labor Reform Convention—Nomination of Candidates.

The delegates elected on Saturday, pursuant to a call by the Labor Reform party of this county, met in Convention in the District Court room yesterday, for the purpose of nominating a County ticket.

The Convention was called to order, and temporarily organized by calling Mr. Wm. Matthews to the Chair, appointing W. G. Core, Vice President, Thomas A. Armstrong and David Lowry, Secretaries.

Mr. Matthews stated the object of the Convention, and requested the delegates to cut loose from old party ties, and place in nomination men who were free and untrammeled, and known to be friends of the Labor Reform.

On motion, a Committee on Credentials, consisting of Messrs. Lowry, Evans, Core, Morgan, Franger and Herbst, were appointed.

On motion, the following gentlemen were appointed a Committee on permanent organization:

Messrs. David Lowry, John D. Evans, B. A. Mcevinty, James Davis, Joseph Tatem, John Morgan, George Thompson, Joseph Chiverton, Thomas Hunter, Thomas Henderson, D. C. Crawford, and A. S. Hillman.

During the absence of the Committee on Organization, the Convention was addressed by Messrs. Kreppe and Alexander. The remarks of Mr. Kreppe were a strong series of slang phrases, in which he displayed anything else but ability or talent. He concluded that "whoever held parties had placed in nomination a set of 'scabs,'" a remark that elicited immense applause from the delegates. Mr. Alexander's remarks were more pertinent to the occasion, and of a much more gentlemanly character.

At the conclusion of Mr. Alexander's remarks, Mr. Oxley inquired of the Chairman for what object the Convention had been called. He understood that it was for the purpose of nominating candidates, and not for speech making. The time for talking was past; it was time to act.

The Chairman stated that the gentleman must wait a few moments. Committees on Credentials and Organization had been appointed, and no business must be transacted until they were reported.

Mr. Oxley was opposed to "hatching" business in a committee. That the Permanent Organization should have been effected at the beginning.

The Chairman was "rilled" at this remark, and said that the gentleman should have made his objection at the time the committee was appointed. It was too late now. As Chairman he would order the gentleman to take his seat. He had been appointed Chairman, and he was going to be Chairman.

Mr. Oxley "subsided."

George Baber, Esq., of the Advocate, was called upon to address the Convention during the absence of the Committee on Credentials. His remarks were brief but pointed, urging the necessity of unity of action and the selection of able men for the different offices, if the party desired to be successful.

Mr. Lowry, Chairman of the Committee on Credentials, submitted the report of the Committee, showing that forty-two districts were represented. The report was adopted.

The Committee on Permanent Organization, through their Chairman, reported the following gentlemen as officers of the Convention, which was unanimously adopted:

PRESIDENT—E. A. Frehly, of Lawrenceville.

VICE PRESIDENT—Daniel Coyle, Oakland township.

SECRETARIES—Rinaldo L. King, Allegheny, David Lowry, Pittsburgh.

Mr. Frehly was then introduced by the temporary Chairman. He said the compliment was paid him in making him President was unexpected favor then had conferred upon him by selecting him to fairly out their deliberations. He would endeavor to discharge the duties of the position to the best of his ability, and do all in his power to facilitate the nominations, to which the Convention was now ready to proceed.

On motion, a Committee on Resolutions, consisting of Messrs. E. A. McGinty, David Lowry, Rinaldo L. King, Wm. Maxwell, Gen. Thompson, J. S. Hillman and Wm. Matthews, was appointed by the chair.

On motion to proceed to nominate candidates for the State Senate, the following names were presented for the action of the Convention: Prof. Andrew Burtt, William Matthews, J. W. Kreppe and W. W. Alexander.

It was then moved to proceed to nominate candidates for Assembly.

Mr. Kreppe said that the proceeding was out of order; that the proper method would be to proceed to ballot for State Senator.

A motion was made to proceed to an informal ballot, and that the two candidates receiving the highest number of votes be declared the contestants for the nomination.

Mr. Matthews took the floor and said that his name had been used as a candidate for the State Senate without his approbation or consent, and he respectfully declined being a candidate and positively refused to stand a ballot.

The President said that his name was before the Convention and it was a matter for the delegates to decide.

On motion Mr. Matthew's declination was accepted.

Messrs. Kreppe and Alexander asked permission to withdraw their names in favor of Prof. Burtt, which the Convention granted.

Mr. Burtt was then declared the nominee of the Convention by acclamation.

The Convention then adjourned till one o'clock.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Convention re-assembled at one o'clock, and was called to order by the Chairman, who stated that nominations for Assembly were next in order.

The following names were presented to the Convention:

J. W. Kreppe, Birmingham; James Mc-Kain, Mount Washington; Daniel Coyle, Oakland; W. W. Alexander, Thomas A. Armstrong, Allegheny; J. S. Hillman, Baldwin; Hugh Woods, Turtle Creek; Andrew Brown, Elizabeth; A. G. Thoburn, Birmingham; Robert Campbell, McClure; Alex Miller, Birmingham; W. F. Bradbury, Mc-Keesport; M. L. Matthews, Allegheny; Augustus Steiner, Wilkinsburg.

Mr. John Flanigan said he objected to one man presented to the Convention. That the gentleman was opposed to the interests of the laboring classes and in favor of coal diggers. He thought the status of candidates should be known before the vote was taken.

It was moved to proceed to a vote and that the six gentlemen having the highest number of votes should be declared the nominees.

A motion to amend by requiring each candidate to have a majority of the votes cast.

Mr. Matthews said the amendment was not in order, as it destroyed the purpose of the original motion.

The Chair decided the amendment in order.

Mr. Matthews appealed from the decision of the Chair. A vote being taken on the appeal, the decision of the Chair was sustained.

A division was called for, and Mr. Matthews insisted upon the delegates taking their seats. Cole, a delegate stated that there were not seats enough, and another suggested that those who had no seats might "squat."

Another motion was adopted to proceed to an informal ballot, in order to settle the difficulty they had got into, which was likely to retard the business and interfere with the harmony of the occasion.

S. L. Pedar, of Wilkins township, stated that he had been instructed to support no men for nomination who were not workingmen. He knew very few of the gentlemen whose names had been presented as candidates for Assembly, and cared not, not whether they worked for a living or not. He thought they should have a word of the history of each candidate, so that they would know what kind of men they were voting for. (Applause.)

On motion it was resolved that the Secretary be requested to read over the list of names, so that the friends of the different candidates could have an opportunity to give their "record" to the Convention, and vouch for their soundness on the labor reform question.

The names of Messrs. Kreppe and Coyle were read, but not a voice was raised in their behalf. Mr. M'Kain's name was next on the list, and when called it was evident that he had one friend (?) in the Convention, who would vouch for him as an anti-labor man.

Mr. Price said that in 1859 Mr. McKain was engaged in the coal business, and that he had erroneously opposed the interests of working men; had opposed the starvation scales at his coal works. He had known him to turn away men who belonged to Trades Unions and hire others to go and fill their places. After some further remarks in the same vein he stated that he had not been acquainted with Mr. McKain's antecedents since that time.

Another gentleman disagreed with Mr. Price, and said that Mr. McKain had been so kind to his workmen that he had broken up at the business.

It was evident that if the delegates were allowed to go into a discussion on the merits of the different candidates, a scene of confusion would be the only result.

Mr. Kreppe, who appears to be a shrewd politician, and who evidently proved of considerable influence in the convention, saw the danger and used his influence to avert it. He said that this "reading up of character" of the different candidates could result in no good, and hoped it would be continued no further. The policy of the labor party was to seek friends, and to promote love and harmony in the ranks, instead of personal strife, hatred, and discord, which must naturally end in alienation. He moved that further inquiry into the "character" of the different candidates be indefinitely postponed. The motion was gladly accepted by the meeting.

On motion it was again resolved to go into an informal ballot.

Mr. Oxley inquired if this was an informal ballot.

Mr. Mathews said he wished to know whether a gentleman had a right to ask questions in this Convention who was not a member of it? (Cries of "He is a member.") That is all I want to know.

The Secretary announced that his credentials had been accepted.

Mr. Oxley replied that the gentleman (Mr. Mathews) was keen, and that he had nothing more to say.

The Convention then proceeded to an informal ballot by marking, with the following result:

J. W. Kreppe	86	A. G. Thompson	3
David Coyle	23	Robt. Campbell	1
James McKain	16	Alex Miller	5
W. W. Alexander	59	W. F. Bradbury	53
T. A. Armstrong	58	M. L. Matthews	41
J. S. Hillman	61	Augustus Steiner	1
Hugh Woods	13	Joseph Hippsly	33
Andrew Brown	20		

Mr. Matthews moved that the Committee on Resolutions be requested to report forthwith, which was agreed to.

R. A. McGinty, Chairman of the Committee on Resolutions, then read the following

RESOLUTIONS:

WHEREAS, The industrial classes are the creators of the real greatness and prosperity of the country, and, at the same time, are the chief bearers of the burthens of government, fighting its battles in time of war, and sharing the largest proportion of the taxation in times of both peace and war; and

WHEREAS, The rights and interests of the industrial classes have been seriously and grossly neglected in both National and State legislation, which neglect has been practiced in the interest of monopolies and an oppressive monied aristocracy; and

WHEREAS, A vital necessity exists for a thorough reformation of the two old parties which for years past have characterized our State Legislature, in order that the rights and interests of the mechanic, the farmer, the artisan and the laborer, and also the honest capitalist, may no longer be subordinated to the selfishness of corrupt politicians of the old political parties, and believing that experience has clearly taught us that the desired reformation cannot be entrusted to professional politicians of either of the said political parties, therefore,

Resolved, That the industrial classes of Allegheny county, without regard to former political opinions or associations, and speaking through their delegates or representatives assembled in Convention, do declare:

1. That we hereby organize, permanently, the Labor Reform party of Allegheny county, in harmony with the cause of Labor Reform throughout the United States, and, that we will, as workingmen, support those, and those only, who will advocate the principles of Labor Reform, and use their influence in support of such laws as will secure to the laboring classes their just rights.

2. We declare that we will spare neither time, labor nor expense in the effort to abolish the present infamous election act, commonly known as the "Ilogan" law, regarding it, as we do, as a blot upon the Statute book of Pennsylvania.

3. We declare that the unlimited fields of iron and coal render the mining interests of Pennsylvania of the utmost importance, and deserving to be protected by legislative enactments; and inasmuch as our coal miners have been in many cases defrauded of part of their earnings by the use of screens and unfair measures, a law should be speedily enacted to compel their employers to pay them for full quantity of coal of every variety dug by them, in proportion to its marketable value.

4. We declare that, inasmuch as the workingman depends upon his labor alone for the support of himself and family, and inasmuch as he contributes more directly than any others towards increasing the capital of his employer, his unpaid wages should, by law, be made a lien on the employer's property and thus become a preferred claim, so that the insolvency of his employer would not, as now, result in defrauding him of his hard earned and just dues.

5. We declare that, the present system of valuing property and occupations for the purposes of taxation, whereby the cheap home and small incomes of the working-man are subjected to a higher in proportion to their real worth than those of the rich, thereby throwing the burden of taxation chiefly on the poor, is, in the opinion of this Convention, an outrage that should be speedily redressed by appropriate legislation. In being still further the opinion of this Convention that there is notable reason why taxation should bear more lightly upon the humble home and meagre income of the laborer than upon the wealth of the rich.

6. We declare that the flagrant violations of the ten hour law by the owners and lessees of Cottons and other factories in Allegheny county warrant us in demanding an immediate official investigation of the same; and that the present law should be so amended as to make it more effectual in preventing such violations of law is but the natural result of the cunning which places labor in the market only as a commodity to be sold by the rule of "supply and demand."

7. We declare that while the industrial classes, native and foreign born, in Allegheny county, have no objection to the liberal entry of free immigration of laborers to the United States from any country on the globe, yet they do oppose and hereby emphatically protest against all organized *purchased* importations secured by capitalists, and their agents, for the purpose of over-stocking the labor market in any *special locality*, feeling, as the working men do, that such *importations* are hostile to the rights and interests of home labor, and lead inevitably to pauperism and crime; and, while the industrial classes of Allegheny county favor a judicious tariff on imported merchandise for the protection of home manufactures, they demand, also, a judicious tariff on supplies to be all purchased *supporting* labor, in order to protect home industry, the said tariff to be paid into the treasury of the county or State by the capitalists themselves who import purchased foreign laborers.

8. We declare that the administration of the Government should be marked by the strictest economy, in order that present taxation may be diminished as rapidly as possible, and all additional burdens on the people averted.

9. We declare for equal taxation according to wealth, and no favored classes. Every citizen is taxed in proportion to what he possesses, whether his possessions consist of lands, merchandize, houses, farms, factories, bondsor money on hand; and that we declare also, that tariff duties should be reduced upon *all articles of necessity*, so that labor may be lightly taxed.

10. We declare that, having in view the odious tyranny of the Pennsylvania Railroad Monopoly, and regarding all monopolies as injurious to the major portion of the community, we are heartily in favor of the enactment of a *free Railroad Law*.

11. We declare that, as the present Homestead Law of Pennsylvania has become a "dead letter" on our statute books, by the compulsory signing away of all the privileges intended to be guaranteed by it, we are in favor of a Legislative act whereby the rights of families may be secured in the benefits of what is known as the "three hundred dollar law."

The report was unanimously adopted.

Mr. Oxley moved that the six men having the highest number of votes be declared nominees. Adopted.

Mr. Oxley moved that the six men having the highest number of votes be declared the nominees of the Convention, which was agreed to, and the following named gentlemen were declared duly nominated: J. W. Kepps, J. S. Hillman, T. A. Armstrong, W. F. Bradley, M. L. Matthews, Wm. S. Matthews.

The Chairman announced that he had received a dispatch from the Labor Convention in Cincinnati, stating that they had nominated Samuel F. Cary for Congress, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Gen. Hays, the Republican candidate for Governor of Ohio.

On motion, Professor Burtt was invited to address the meeting, and was loudly called for.

Mr. Burtt took the stand and said that there was a practice among the old parties that the new one should avoid, and that was that of making a platform. He would do all in his power to prevent his nomination, because he thought the convention could receive a better man, one who could spend more time in the canvass, but the Convention thought different. He was proud to see in this, the first Labor Convention, such an array of ability and talent. Not one single act, looking to the benefit of the laboring man, had been passed in the Pennsylvania Legislature. It was notorious that the Pennsylvania Railroad could and did rule the Legislature; that money would and could buy it. The ticket would be beaten to-morrow and the question would be, "what support would it receive from the workingmen of Allegheny County?" The old party leaders are already at work with whips in hand to drive you back into the ranks of the old parties. We are (cries of no, never.) We are now standing on a new platform, and we will support our candidates regardless of what their former political prejudices have been.

A man who was three-fourths Republican or Democrat, and one-fourth working man, was worth nothing to the labor party. For it was their duty to take care of themselves and let the old parties do the same. That the nominations of the old parties had been made by political tricksters, and not the good people of the county. (Joe Evans wanted to know if something along the two worst candidates for Senate.) He had nothing to say about the two men; he knew Mr. Barr to be a good speaker, and Mr. Burtt to be a very worthy gentleman. It was reported that these men had made it their business to resign the wages of labor, in their employ, and that was the best reason why they should not be voted for. The old party cry of "Union" they had got at least for twenty years, but if it should succeed, the working classes would be much better six months hence than they were at present.

On motion, it was resolved to make nominations for all the different offices before proceeding to the election in order to facilitate the business, when the following nominations was made;

For Clerk of the Court—J. B. Jackson, David Lowry, Samuel Lambert, W. J. Dick and W. H. Hammet.

For Sheriff—W. T. McBride, Capt. J. L. McKee and Thomas W. Wright.

For County Commissioner—J. L. Evans, M. McConnigle, John F. Wolf, M. V. Ballaine, James McCleary, William Shearigold and J. Englehardt.

For County Commissioner—J. O'Handlin, R. F. Morgan, Patterson M. Pearson and Thomas McGraw.

For Coroner—Thomas Matthews, E. O. Williams, Thomas Carnahan, Louis Shriver and Lee Megraw.

For Director of the Poor—James B. Stevens, Benjamin White and P. A. Katigan.

On motion, it was resolved that the candidates having the highest number of votes should be declared the nominees.

The Convention then proceeded to mark for the various officers, with the following result:

TREASURER.

W. F. McBride	41	Thos. W. Wright	14
Capt. J. L. McKee	23		

COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

J. L. Evans	20	James McCleary	13
M. McConnigle	4	Wm. Shearigold	9
John F. Wolf	5	J. Englehardt	13
M. V. B. Sallaine	5		

Mr. England receiving the highest number of votes was declared duly nominated.

PROTHONOTARY.

J. H. Jackson	6	Samuel Lambert	8
David Lowry	46	W. J. Dick	8
W. H. Hammet	12		

Mr. Lowry was declared the nominee of the Convention.

DIRECTOR OF THE POOR:

James B. Stevens	11	P. A. Katigan	15
Benjamin White	57		

Mr. White was announced as the choice of Convention.

JURY COMMISSIONER:

J. O'Handlin	21	P. M. Pearson	38
R. F. Morgan	41	Thomas McGraw	11

Mr. Pearson was declared the nominee.

CORONER:

Thos. Matthews	31	Louis Shimer	9
E. O. Williams	10	Lee Megraw	6
Thos. Carnahan	24		

Mr. Matthews was announced as the candidate for Coroner.

W. M. Coyle offered a resolution making the *Advocate* the organ of the Labor Reform party. Adopted.

A resolution empowering the President to appoint an executive committee of twenty-five members to serve for one year. Adopted.

Adjourned to meet in front of Boller Hall, on Saturday week, in a grand ratification meeting.

Additional Local Matters on First Page.

T. BRENT SWEARINGEN.....WM. G. M'CANDLESS.

GENERAL INSURANCE AGENCY.

SWEARINGEN & M'CANDLESS,

No. 114 FOURTH ST., Pittsburgh, Pa.

General Agents for Western Pennsylvania of

Continental Life Insurance Co.,

OF NEW YORK.

FIRE, LIVE STOCK and all descriptions of Insurance effected in responsible Companies, at lowest rates. je26:ly

WEST COMMON MACHINE WORKS, Northwest Corner of West Common, ALLEGHENY.

FRED'K ALTVATER & CO.

Have on hand or prepare on short notice REAPER AND STEP STONGS, PLOWS FOR SIDE-WALKS, BREWERY VAULTS, &c., HEAD AND STONE DRESSING, &c. Orders promptly executed. PRICES REASONABLE. au17:ly

JOSEPH WIGGINS,

Collecting Agent,

Office at the Board of Trade Rooms,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Bills of all kinds solicited and promptly attended to. Best of references given. jy13

HENRY REA, Jr.,

FLOUR, GRAIN,

And Produce Commission Merchant,

238 LIBERTY STREET, PITTSBURGH.

GOOD NEWS.

CHEAP BREAD IN DEAR TIMES.

Enquire for WARD'S BREAD. The largest and best. The initials "H. W." on every loaf. Ward's. None else mh30:wtf

FRUIT JAR EMPORIUM.

TWELVE DIFFERENT STYLES,

Self-sealers and the Common, best in the market. Superior Fruit Wax and Moulded Jelly Tumblers. P. SMITH & CO.,

au27 146 Liberty street, foot of Fifth.

R. P. GETTY,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Choice Wines and Liquors,

NO. 55 N. E. Cor. OHIO ST. AND DIAMOND,

au29 Allegheny City, Pa.

MADISON STARCH AGENCY.—Just received:

400 boxes, 40 lb.,	Pearl starch;	
200 " 40 lb.,	"	
100 "	Corn	do.;
50 "	Silver Gloss	Starch.

For sale low to the trade by the agents,

BORCHARDT & LANG,

au24:ly 84 and 84 Wood street.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

WM. BARNHILL & CO.,

BOILER MAKERS

AND

SHEET IRON WORKERS,

Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 Penn St.

Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of Boilers in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of BARNHILL'S PATENT BOILERS.

Also, a Farm of 80 acres, situated in West Wheatfield township, Indiana county, Pa., about six miles from the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad. The improvements are a two-story frame house, with five rooms, a large frame barn, 40x60 feet, and other outbuildings. The fencing is all good, abundance of timber on the place, and the water is pure and convenient to Churches, Schools, Mills, &c. I am authorized to sell this property very cheap and on easy terms.

Also, An excellent Farm of 160 acres, of which 90 acres are under cultivation, situate in Clarion county, Illinois. Improvements—a new frame dwelling containing 8 rooms; about 60 choice fruit trees, good fencing, and other outbuildings. The fencing is all good, abundance of timber on the place, and the water is pure and convenient to Churches, Schools, Mills, &c. I am authorized to sell this property very cheap and on easy terms.

Also, A Farm of 160 acres, of which 90 acres are under cultivation, situate in Clarion county, Illinois. Improvements—a new frame dwelling containing 8 rooms; about 60 choice fruit trees, good fencing, and other outbuildings; also, a good frame barn, 40x60 feet, and other outbuildings. The property is within 3 miles of the Vowels Central R. R.; will sell cheap and on easy terms. City property taken in part exchange if desired.

Also, a Farm of 55 acres in Penn township, Westmoreland county, Pa., 4 miles from Greensburg, 1½ miles from Jacksonville, and 3 miles south of West Alexander, and 3 of a mile from Hanley town. The improvements are a new two-story log house, with 4 rooms, a log barn, 30x40 feet, a never-failing spring near the house, and a young orchard of choice fruit trees, the whole tract is underlaid with a six foot vein of coal, now opened, and an adjoining tract of 50 acres. This property will be sold very low, if applied for soon.

For further particulars enquire of

Q. H. TOWER,

au21 Real Estate Agent, 164 Fourth St.

2,000,000 ACRES

OF

CHOICE LANDS FOR SALE,

BY THE

Union Pacific Railway Co.,

EASTERN DIVISION.

Lying along the line of their road, at

$1.00 to $5.00 Per Acre,

And on a CREDIT OF FIVE YEARS.

For particulars, maps, &c., address

JOHN P. DEVEREUX,

Land Commissioner, Topeka, Kansas;

Or, CHAS. B. LAMBORN, Sec'y,

St. Louis, Missouri.

au14:ly

WASHINGTON CO. FARM.

FOR SALE—A tract of 46 acres, of which 300 is cleared, and the remainder covered with fine white oak timber. Situated in West Finley township, Washington county, Pa., 1½ miles south of West Alexander, and ¾ of a mile from Hanleytown. The improvements are a new two-story frame house, with 4 rooms, and a log barn. Has on it two log houses, new stables and grain houses; an orchard of eight acres of young apple trees; pears, peaches, plums, &c. Good water in every field.

APPLY TO

S. S. BRYAN,

Broker in Stocks and Real Estate,

au17 Apollo Building, Fourth street.

I HAVE THIS DAY ASSOCIATED WITH me in business FRANCIS G. RALSTON, Jr.

JOHN D. BAILEY.

July 1st, 1867.

JOHN D. BAILEY & BRO.,

STOCK AND REAL ESTATE BROKERS

AND AUCTIONEERS.

Are prepared to sell at Auction, Stocks, Bonds, and all kinds of Securities. Real Estate, Household Furniture, &c., either on the premises or at the Auction Rooms, Fifth Avenue.

Particular attention paid, as heretofore, to the sale of Real Estate in the country attended.

Sales of Real Estate in the country attended. Office, 104 FOURTH STREET. jy4

TWO STORY

BRICK DWELLING,

Favorably located in the Second Ward, Pittsburgh, well finished and in good condition.

WILL BE SOLD CHEAP.

On application to

STEEL & WILSON,

Brokers and Real Estate Agents,

No. 66 Smithfield street.

au16:tf

FOR SALE.—House and Lot on corner of Main and Adams streets, near Passenger Railway. Lot 40 by 120 feet. House frame, containing 7 rooms and good hall, in good repair.

House and Lot on Sheffield, near Hidewell st., fronting 25 by 120 feet. House frame, containing 5 rooms and good cellar; water and gas.

Also, several small Houses and Lots in good localities. Inquire of

J. RUSH & CO.,

Beaver, near Chesnut Street, Manchester.

au31:3ds

FINE DWELLING IN SEWICKLEY.—The subscriber is now building and will, on or before the 1st of October next, have ready for occupancy a new and elegant two-story frame dwelling house, with hall, parlor, dining room, kitchen, wash room, store room, and seven bedrooms, with two large closets, good cellar, slate roof, marble

PH. R. MERTZ,

BANKER AND BROKER,

118 Wood St., near corner of Fifth.

Government Securities,

Gold, Silver,

And Coupons,

Bought and sold on liberal terms. Drafts sold on all the principal cities of Europe.

JAS. T. BRADY & CO.,

Bankers,

Corner Fourth & Wood Streets,

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Are now converting into the

NEW 5-20'S GOLD BOND OF 1867.

All other issues, including all series of 7-30's, 6 's of 1881, 5-20's of 1862, 5-10's of 1864, 5-20's of 1865, and Compound Interest Notes.

TO HOLDERS OF 7-30'S.

Having made special arrangements with

Jay Cooke & Co.,

Our correspondents, we are prepared to convert 7-30's into 5-20's of 1865.

Bonds on Hand for Delivery.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.,

Bankers,

CORNER FOURTH AND SMITHFIELD STS.

The Pittsburgh Gazette

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } WEDNESDAY, September 11, 1867.

The New York stock quotations to-day, as received by Mr. P. R. Mertz, were as follows: Gold, 145¾; Eighty-one bonds, 112; Five Twenties, 1862, 111¾; Five Twenties, 1864 109¾; Five Twenties, 1865, 111¾; 5-20 Consols, 108¼; Seven Thirties, 107¼; Ten Forties, 99¾. Stocks—Erie Railroad, 71¾; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 89¾; Chicago and Rock Island, 108; Chicago and Northwestern, 67; Chicago and Northwestern preferred, 77¾; Fort Wayne Railroad, 106¾; Michigan Southern Railroad, 88¾; New York Central, 109¾; Reading, 104¾; Western Union Telegraph Co., 44; Ohio and Mississippi Certificates, 29¾. Mining shares—Corydon, 1.30; Gregory, 6.00; Quartz Hill, 1.65; Smith & Parmalee, 5.45; Quicksilver, 27¾. Merchants Union Express Co., 19¾.

Gold opened at 144¾, and under heavy purchases for a rise advanced to 145¾ bid. The speculative demand is on the increase, and 150 is now looked upon as the probable figure within a few days. Government bonds are steady, with no special demand.

The stock market is excited and much higher. New York Central has advanced since yesterday per cent., Hudson 2 in two days. Erie 2. Cleveland & Pittsburgh 1¾. North Western, common, 1¾. Preferred, 1¾. Rock Island, 1¾. Fort Wayne, ¾. Ohio and Mississippi Certificates, ¾. The old Express stocks have declined, and Merchants Union after being 23¾, is quoted at 19 offered. This sudden rise is due mainly to the desire of covering short sales by bears, who are unable after the return of some prominent bull operators, to control the market, to the larger earnings of the trunk roads, and the advance in gold or depreciation of currency. Money, however, is stiffening up, and the advance in stocks will soon be checked by the higher rates of interest.

Mining shares have improved; also, some of the better class of oil stocks, such as Bennehoe Run and United States.

Closing New York quotations received by James T. Brady & Co.:

U. S. Sixes, 1881	112
" " 1865	111¾
" " 1864	109¾
" " 1865	111¾
" " 1867	108¾
" 10-40s	107¾
" Consols	108¼
August 7-30s	107¾
July 7-30s	107¾
Ten Corporations, 1864	111¾
Gold	145¾
Silver	138¼

—It is probable that the Secretary of the Treasury will go on with the funding as well as purchase of the second and third series of the seven-thirties without reference to their maturity. If the new five-twenties of 1865-7 should not be successfully introduced abroad, because they bear January and July coupons, in place of May and November, to which the English and Continental markets have been accustomed, and the preference should continue for the five-twenties of 1865 in the old form (now that the '62s are nearly exhausted on this side) there is ample authority under the funding act of March 3, 1865, to increase the May and November issue. At the present market rates the Treasury would make 1½@1¾ per cent. by this accommodation to foreign buyers, while facilitating the funding of the seven-thirties.

The accumulation of money in the New York market continues uninterrupted. The bank statement shows a large gain in deposits, but even these do not wholly represent the ease of money to the brokers in Wall street from private lenders, including a number of large houses connected with England and the Continent. The West is drawing considerable sums in national bank currency from New York, but the supply, thus far, has enabled the banks to meet the demand without entrenching materially upon their greenbacks. The exchange is now but slightly against New York at Chicago, &c., owing to the demand for drafts for railway and mercantile account.

PETROLEUM—THE PRODUCTION—DEVELOPMENTS — STOCK, SHIPMENTS, CONSUMPTION AND DEMAND FOR THE PRESENT YEAR.

It has occurred to me that an approximation to the correct data, as to exact of the above important points, may be arrived at by closely examining and comparing the statistics we have of 1866 and 1867 to September 1st, adding such information as to present stock and developments in the producing regions, as seem most worthy of credit. A much disputed and difficult question to answer satisfactorily, is the production. I estimate the product of the Pennsylvania Oil Regions at this date to be not less than a daily average of 12,000 barrels. This production is based upon information obtained from two different persons, neither of them having any interest in the matter except to give me as accurate a statement as it was possible for them to obtain by close personal examination; also, from the following figures, which will demonstrate that allowing for the ordinary wastage, and evaporation incidental to the management of oil wells, 12,00 barrels is not too large an estimate of the daily product.

	bbls.	bbls.
The stock on hand in the producing regions as taken by parties referred to about the middle of August last, was		600,000
The highest estimate of stock in same locality, January 1st, 1867, was		300,000
Deduct this, shows an increase to September 1, 1867, of		300,600
Our exports to August 31, 1867, (nearly all refined) was		996,261
Home consumption for the eight months ending August 31, 1867, estimated at half the total consumption of 1866, amounts to		827,791
Total in refined		1,824,052
I allow for evaporation and leakage to wells, refineries, and wastage until on board vessel, a yield of 60% gallons refined to 100 gallons crude—to reduce all to crude, we add		661,991
		1,985,973
		2,285,973

Total production, estimating stocks outside oil regions, equal to this date of last year, (of which there is no doubt) or a daily average production—Sundays excluded, from January 1st to Sept. 1, 1867, of.... 10,937

There are about two hundred new wells in progress of development; these are mostly on territory thoroughly tested, one half of them will, in all probability, prove producing, and will make up for any falling off in old wells, and add one to two thousand barrels to present product. The shipments from the oil regions to August 31st this year have been larger than to same date in 1866, to all points except Pittsburgh, where they have fallen off, according to the *"Pittsburgh Commercial,"* reports—84,522 barrels; this is owing to the low stage of water in the Allegheny river for the past sixty days. To Cleveland, the increase has been from 40 to 60 per cent. To Philadelphia, at least 20 per cent. To New York, to September 4th inst., as per the New York *"Shipping List"* of that date, the arrivals are in excess of same period in 1866, 107,178 barrels. Our stocks at the principal distributing points in this country will not vary materially from what I place them below. The stock in Pittsburgh I arrive at as follows: About the first of January last a very careful stock was taken; (in many cases refiners had just made up their accounts, and the figures were exact) the total of crude and refined reduced to crude was | | 362,429 |
The receipts exclusive of Smith's Ferry and other minor points as per Pittsburgh *Commercial*, to August 31st, were		656,795
Total available stock held over and received to August 31st, 1867		1,017,224
Shipments to August 31st, counting all as refined (a portion of which was crude) amounts per railroad manifests to		385,531
For fear some shipments may have been overlooked, we add for any possible omissions		46,469
Giving a total shipment of.. Allowing a yield of 72 per cent. shows a depletion of		432,000
		806,000
Leaving a stock on hand Sept. 1st reduced to crude of		417,275
Stock in the Pennsylvania oil region		300,000
Stock in Cleveland as estimated September 1st, reduced to crude		118,000
Stock in New York, including that held by refiners, not less than		100,000
Stock in Philadelphia, including refined in warehouses and crude and refined held by refiners, reduced to crude cannot go under		100,000

JAMES DALZELL & SON,

69 and 70 Water Street,

LARD OIL MANUFACTURERS,

And dealers in CRUDE, LUBRICATING and CARBON OILS.

We warrant our No. 1 Lard Oil equal to the best Cincinnati, or other brands, and propose to sell as low as Cincinnati or Chicago rates.

Our No. 2 Lard Oil as a Lubricator cannot be excelled.

Buck Creek Lubricating and standard brands of Carbon Oil constantly on hand.

Merchants and manufacturers will find it to their interest to give us a call before ordering Lard Oil from the East. feb7

PITTSBURGH ROPE WORKS.

FULTON, BOLLMAN & CO.,

Manufacture the best

CORDAGE,

OAKUM,

AND

TWINES, in every variety.

Warehouse, 114 & 115 Water St.

Call or send for Circular. apl:pd8

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } WEDNESDAY, September 11, 1867.

The general markets are firm, though the volume of business in the aggregate is light, as the demand is still restricted mainly to supplying immediate wants of the retail trade. That there will be a good fall business, however, is generally expected, and our merchants are making there preparations accordingly. The advance in gold is stiffening up Sugars and Coffee, and an advance in these articles seems almost inevitable.

GROCERIES—There seems to be an improvement in the grocery business, and while the market is more active and considerably firmer, prices are without quotable change. Coffee is quoted at 23 to 26c for fair to good; and 26¾@27c for prime to choice. Sugars are in good demand and firm at 14½c for choice Porto Rico; 13¾c for good; and 12¾@13 for Cuba. Refined Sugars are quoted at 17¼@17¾c for hard, and 16@16¾c for soft. Rangoon Rice 10@10½c—no Carolina in market. Porto Rico Molasses, 80c—no New Orleans Molasses or Sugars in this market. Concentrated Lye, $5.50 per case. Shot, $3.25 per bag.

GRAIN—Wheat is firm and in demand, and prime Penna and Ohio Red would, sell readily at $2.25. Rye is in fair demand with sales on track at $1.15, and in store at $1.20. Oats scarce and tending upward; sale of 1 car on track, at 55c—small sales at 58@60c. Corn is scarce and firm; prime Yellow may be quoted at $1.14@1.15. Barley is unchanged—$1.10 @1.25 for good to prime Spring.

FLOUR—There is a slight improvement to note in the demand, and the market is firm with an upward tendency. We continue to quote at $10@10.50 for Spring Wheat; $11.00@ 11.50 for Winter Wheat; and $13@14 for fancy brands. Sale of 100 bbls "Ford" to the trade, at $9.60. Rye Flour is quoted at $7.75@8.

PROVISIONS—The Bacon market is considerably excited, and prices are still tending upward. We now quote at 15@15¾c for S ouderas; 17@— for Ribbed Sides; and 22@23c for Sugar Cured Hams. Lard has advance to 13¾@14c; and Mess Pork is held firmly at $

EGGS—Prime fresh packed Eggs are scarce and in demand, and we now quote the market firm at 20c.

BUTTER—Prime fresh Butter continues to sell without much difficulty at 24@25c, while common packed does not seem to be wanted at any price.

GREEN APPLES—Continue very dull, with a good supply but unchanged at $2@3 per bbl.

SEEDS—Flaxseed is selling at $2.85@2.40, and Timothy Seed at $2.50@2.75. No demand for Clover seed.

New York Produce Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 11.—Cotton heavy and fully ½c lower; sales of 1,000 bales at 28½c for Middling Uplands. Flour—receipts, 9,068 bbls—advanced 15@25c, chiefly on low grades; sales of 12,200 bbls at $9@9 for superfine State and Western; $9.70@12.80 for Extra Western, $9.80@12.25 for do, St. Louis, and $10 @10.50 for New St. Louis; California, firm; sales 8,000 sacks and bbls at $11@13.75. Sales of 200 sacks Rye Flour at $6@7.75. Whisky quiet and steady; sales of 100 bbls Western at 36½c bonded. Wheat—receipts, 21,937 bush—3@3c better; there is a good export, speculative and home trade demand; sales of 126,000 bush at $2.20@2.23 for No. 2 Chicago Spring to arrive, $2.25 for No. 2 do, to arrive, $2.18½ for No. 3 do., $2.44 for Winter Red Western, $2.45 for Amber Southern, $2.50 for Amber State and Michigan, $2.50@2.55 for White California. $2.44 for Amber Canada bonded. Rye firm; sales 600 bush State at $1.45. Barley quiet and firm; moderate demand; sales of 1,000 bush at $1.58. Corn—receipts, 35,502 bush—less active and without decided change, closing higher; sales 9,700 bush at $1.22@1.23 for New Mixed, Western in store and afloat; $1.18@1.22 for Unsound. Oats—receipts 29,969 bush—1@2c lower; sales 75,000 bush New Ohio and Western at 70c to arrive. Coal dull. Leather—Hemlock sole more active, at 29@30c for Buenos Ayres light weights. Wool steady and somewhat better demand; sales 250,000 lbs at 40@50c for domestic fleece. Rice steady, at 11@12c for Carolina. Coffee firm, at 14½@15c for inferior to prime Rio. Sugar firm; sales 250 hhds Cuba at 11¾@12¾c. Molasses firm and in fair demand. Hops quiet and unchanged. Petroleum dull and heavy; crude Western 31½@32c for refined in bond. Pork heavy and lower; sales 2,750 bbls at $24.87@24.90 for new mess, closing at $24.87@24.90 for regular; old mess; $20@20.50 prime; $24 prime mess. Beef hams dull. Bacon quiet. Cut meats steady; sales 140 pkgs at 15½@16c for shoulders, 18c for hams. Lard firm; sales 1150 bbls, at 13@14¾c. Butter steady, at 11@35c for Ohio. Cheese firm. Freights to Liverpool firmer; 23,000 bu wheat and corn by steamer at 3¾ pence.

EVENING, 9 P. M.—Flour closed 10@15c better on low and fair grades. Wheat firm and holders rather more disposed to realize without material change in price. Rye quiet and steady at $1.40 for Western. Corn dull at 89@89½c for Chicago and Ohio. Corn lower and dull at $1.20@1.23½ for good to prime new mixed Western in store. Pork dull and heavy; sales of 1,000 bbls new mess at $24.20@24.30 for cash and regular. Beef firm with a fair demand. Cut meats dull. Bacon nominally unchanged. Lard very firm at 14@14½c for prime steam, and 14½c for kettle rendered.

Chicago Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, September 11.—Weather clear and cool. Flour a shade easier; $9@10.50 for good to fancy brands of spring extra; $11@12.50 —spring opened unsettled at 6@8c lower but rallied and closed at $1.26@1.30 for No. 1 and $1.20 for No. 2. Corn is active and 2@3c lower; $1.03¼@1.06¼ for No. 1 and 1.01@1.03 for No. 2. Oats active at $1.04@1.04¼ for No. 1 and $1.01¼ for No. 2. Oats active at 51@52c. Rye 1@2c higher; $1.12@1.14 for No. 1 and $1.09@1.11 for No. 2, closing steady at spot prices. Barley 2@2½c higher, closing at $1.11@1.11½ for No. 1. Mess pork firm at $24.75@25.00. Lard 13@13½c. Receipts of 9,000 bbls. flour, 146,000 bus. wheat, 131,000 bus. corn and 43,000 bus. oats. Shipments—10,000 bbls. flour, 126,000 bus. wheat, 5,000 bus. corn and 2,000 bus. oats. Freights active and 1 cent higher; 15c for corn and 16c for wheat.

Cleveland Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CLEVELAND, September 11.—Flour is very firm, at an advance of 25c per barrel. Double extra, red winter, $10.75@11; double extra amber, $11.75@12; XXX, $12.50@13; the demand is active; stock on hand is light. Wheat is firm and better; No 1 red winter is held at $2.28; No 2 do, $2.16@2.17; No 1 white Michigan, $2.45. Corn firm and in good request, on the spot and future delivery. No 1 mixed is held at $1.13¾@1.14; there is no inquiry for No 2. Oats is steady and in fair demand at 56@57c for No 1 State, from store. Rye is scarce and in good inquiry at $1.25@1.28 for No 1 from store. Barley is steady and unchanged. Mess Pork, $23.50. Bacon—shoulders, 15½c; clear sides 20c. Choice sugar cured hams, 25c. Lard tierces 14½c. Gold 144¾@145. Sterling 56@59. New York Exchange ½c premium.

Toledo Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

TOLEDO, September 11.—Flour receipts quiet; sales of 3,396 barrels. Wheat receipts sales of 22,000 bushels—3c lower on Amber; sales of white Michigan at $2.40@2.42; opened at $2.25, and closed at $2.22; sales for all month at $2.20@2.22. Corn receipts; sales of 16,907 bushels at 1c lower; sales of No. 1 Wabash at $1.12@1.13; for No. 2 do, $1.11. Michigan $1.10; sales of No. 1 for all September, $1.12½. Oats receipts; 6,000 bushels at 3c lower; sales of No. 1 Wabash at 46c for all the month at 44c. Rye $1.20 for No. 1. Barley $1.10 for No. 1. Low Freights dull and nominal at 6c on Corn; 7c on Wheat to Oswego; 3½c on Corn, and 4c on Wheat by steamer to Buffalo.

Milwaukee Market.

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MILWAUKEE, September 11.—Flour dull and firm; city double extra $9.75@10.25; country do $9@9.25; extra, $8.50@8.75. Wheat settled and lower, at $1.84 for No. 1, $1.76½ for No. 2, and $1.67 for No. 3. Oats firm at 50c for No. 1, and 45c for No. 2. Corn dull and lower at $1.02 for No. 1 old. Freights first at 8c to Buffalo and 14c to Oswego. Receipts—5,000 bbls flour, 95,000 bush wheat, 7,000 bush oats, 10,000 bush corn. Shipments —6,000 bbls flour, 54,000 bush wheat, 17,000 bush oats.

Louisville Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, September 11.—Tobacco; sales of 198 hhds of leaf; the market is drooping and 4@6c lower; lugs $7@8; common to fair leaf cutting $27.25. Flour steady and 7c higher for superfine; $10.75 for No. 1. Wheat scarce at $2@2.20. Corn; shelled $1.10. Oats; bulk 57@58c. Rio Coffee active at 23@23½c. Sugar firm. Mess Pork $26. Bacon; shoulders 15c; clear ribsides 18¼c; clear sides 18¾c; fancy hams 22½c, packed. Lard 13@13½c in tierces. Raw Whisky in bond $2.32. Cotton 24c.

New York Dry Goods Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, September 11.—The Dry Goods business is generally quite active, and prices are well sustained under the advance in Gold. Still heavy Shirtings and 44 yard goods have a softening tendency in view of the heaviness in Cotton. Best unbleached Sheetings nearly at 17½, and seconds 16½@17, while 4 yard Sheetings are selling at 12½@13. Brown Prints and Delaines active and steady.

New Orleans Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, September 11.—Cotton dull and unsettled; sales of 250 bales low middling at 26c; receipts, 274 bales. Flour dull; treble extra, $10.75; choice extra, 12.25. Corn dull; mixed, $1.15; white $1.17@1.20. Oats dull and unchanged. Mess Pork, $28.50. Bacon—shoulders, 15½c; clear sides 20c. Choice sugar cured hams, 25c. Lard tierces 14½c. Gold 144¾@145. Sterling 56@59. New York Exchange ½c premium.

Oswego Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

OSWEGO, September 11.—Flour active and steady, at $11.50 for No. 1 spring. Wheat unchanged; sales 4,300 bush No. 2 Chicago spring at $2.05. Corn firm and better; sales 1000 bush Illinois at $1.18, and 1,000 bush Indiana at $1.18; also sales 1,700 bush Illinois at 40c. Oats and other grains quiet and scarce. Lake imports—40,200 bush. of corn. Canal exports—255 bbls flour, 31,500 bush wheat, 17,000 bush corn.

Philadelphia Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, September 11.—Flour firm and in improved demand, superfine $7.50. Wheat firmer; sales of 2,500 bush; new red $2.30; white Michigan $2.75. Rye $1.30. Corn scarce and advancing; sales of 9,000 bush; yellow $1.25; mixed western $1.20. Oats; sales of 2,000 bush at 67c. Petroleum unsettled; refined 32c. Whisky nominal.

Memphis Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MEMPHIS, Sept. 11.—Cotton dull and heavy at 25@25½c. Corn—whole range $1.15@1.20. Hay $22. Oats 65@70c. Flour $7.50. Pork $28. Hams 23. Bacon—shoulders 15@16c; clear sides 20@21c. Lard 15@15½c.

Chicago Cattle Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, September 11.—Beef cattle dull and 15@25c lower. Hogs firm; $5.30@5.55 for fair to good smooth. Receipts—2,800 hogs.

Financial Matters in New York.

Gold Closed at 145¾@145¾.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, September 11, 1867.

MONEY AND GOLD.

Money is steady at 4@5 per cent. on call loans. Sterling is steady, at 109¾@110, gold first class bills. Gold is firmer, opening at 144¾, advancing to 145¾, and closing at 145¾ @145¾. The exports of specie to-day were $96,500.

GOVERNMENT

Stocks are without any decided change. Coupons '81, 112; do '82, 114¾; do '64, 109¾; do '65, 111¾; do new, '65, 108¾; do '67, 108¾; Ten-Forties, 99¾; Seven-Thirties, 107¾.

STOCKS.

Stocks higher and active, closing strong. Ohio Certificates, 29¾@29¾; Canton, 47@47½; Cumberland, 34@36; Quicksilver, 27¾@28; Mariposa, 10½; Western Union Telegraph, 44@44½; Pacific Mail, 142@143½; Atlantic, 113¾@113¾; New York Central, 109¾@109¾; Erie, 71¾; Hudson, 133¾@133¾; Reading, 103¾@104; Michigan Central, 111¾@112; Michigan Southern, 87¾@88; Illinois Central, 121½@122; Pittsburgh, 86@86½; Toledo, 127¾@128; Rock Island, 105@105¾; Northwestern, 67¾@68; do. preferred, 77¾@78¾; Fort Wayne, 106¾@106¾; Wabash, 45¾; St. Paul, 45; do. preferred, 67½; Panama, 200; Missouri 6s, 107; new Tennessee, 69¾; Wells' Express, 24; American, 66¾@67; Adams, 36½@36¾; United States, 67@69; Merchants Union, 18¾ @19¾.

MINING SHARES.

Mining shares are more active. Senserderfer, 112; Gregory, 660; Rocky Mountain, 115; Edge Hill, 350; Quartz Hill, 170; Eldorado, 140; Harmon, 975; Smith & Parmelee, 550; Midas, 250.

SUB-TREASURY RECEIPTS.

The Sub-Treasury receipts were $1,380,465; payments, $400,183; balance, $112,005,223.

Buffalo Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BUFFALO, September 11.—Flour is active and 25c better; $11.00 for amber, and $12.50 for white. Wheat is dull and but little is here, and the market is firmer; sales of 15,000 bu. No. 3, Chicago, at $1.90@1.91, and 7,500 bu. No. 2, do, to arrive, at $1.96. Corn is unsettled and closing dull with an advance at the last; sales, early, of 2,000 bu. No. 2, mixed western, at $1.12, and later; 30,000 bu. do. at $1.13; there were no buyers in the afternoon at $1.12. Oats are dull, and holders generally are asking 59c per bu. for western; sales of 10,000 bu. at 56c. Rye is quiet; sales of 7,000 bu. western, at $1.25 per bu; held later at $1.28. Barley is dull; sales of 20,000 bu. No. 2 western, at $1.35 per bu. Other articles are unchanged. Receipts; Wheat; 30,000 bu, Corn, 43,000 bu; Flour, 8,000 bbls. Shipments; Wheat, 30,000 bu; Corn, 78,000 bu; Oats, 15,000 bu; Barley, 18,000 bu.

Baltimore Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BALTIMORE, September 11.—Coffee unchanged. Flour firm at yesterday's advance for the best brands; low grades can be bought at the rates previous to the advance. Wheat firm and high prices realized; sales of 15,000 bu—white $1.22; yellow $1.28. Oats steady; Rye active at $1.30@1.50. Provisions quiet and steady; Bacon firmly maintained with an advance of ½c on Bacon realized. Mess Pork firm at $25@25.25. Lard firmer with a better inquiry for city and to Eastern; sales at 12¾@13c. Whisky nominal and unchanged.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, September 11.—1 car kegs, 2 do nails, 22 sacks barley, Carson, Darlington & Co; 50 bundles spokes, Thomas Hare & Bro; 10 do do, M Stowe & Whitney; 10 bbls cornmeal, Rinehart & Steinman; 10 do do, Wm Penarl, J H Caufield & Son; 1 box dry goods, Jos Horne & Co; 48 bbls copper ore, T M Howe; 4000 ft lumber, R A Clarke & Co; 16 cases refined copper, Park, McCandless & Co; 40 sks oats, Bricker & Coy; 1 case ware, Goodhead & Wood; 2 bbls eggs, Head & Metzger; 25 bbls apples, J S Dilworth & Co; 29 do do, Watt & Wilson; 16 bbls whisky, F Evert; 1 case ware, M Hartwell; 1 do do, G Woods; 1 do do, A A Scott; 1 car rye, 22 sks do, Keely & Lothrop; 28 water pipes, J M Tate; 15 box cheese, W Hodges; 12 do do, Little, Baird & Patton; 2 cars barley, Spencer & McKay; 8 bbls vinegar, Lantz & Gilmore; 1 car Canada shorts, Jas Glenn; 15 box soap, 15 dozen washboards, T C Jenkins; 10 bbls apples, Fetzer & Armstrong; 28 sks buckwheat, J S Fairley; 167 sks barley, W J Mecky; 18 sks timothy seed, 10 barrels eggs, 2 kgs lard, 1 do butter, Voigt & Co; 4 bbls oatmeal, J A Renshaw.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R., September 11.—Scars iron ore, 2 do limestone, Shoenberger & Blair; 44 galls stoneware, D Hamilton; 20 bbls rye whisky, Carson & Co; 166 bundles paper, M W Rankin; 7 do do, B L Fahnestock & Co; 100 bbls flour, Jos Kratochmill; 14 do apples, Voigt & Co; 1 do eggs, Riddle; 100 do do, Culp & Shepard; 25 do do, S S Marvin; 50 box candles, J S Dilworth & Co; 25 do do, Wm Cooper & Co; 1 car barley, Carson, Darlington & Co; 3 hhds tobacco, M Heller; 25 bbls pearls, J B Oanfield & Son; 32 bundles hides, G N Heffstott; 35 box soap, E Hazleton; 1 car wool, Wm Bigger jr & Co; 1 car scrap iron, J Jones; 1 car barley, Galway & Collins; 56 bbls flour, Kell & Ritchart; 15 sacks rags, Herbst & Co; 12 box window glass, W Walace; 24 sacks rye, McHenry & Hood; 40 boxes cheese, Haworth, McDonald & Co; 20 do do, Head & Metzger; 125 bbls whisky, Lee & Co; 5 bales hides, W A B Clark; 100 bbls flour, owner; 300 do do, Jas Gardiner & Co; 4 cars scrap iron, 1 Maloney; 30 bbls slag, T Coffin; 1 car scrap iron, Shinkle & Lang; 5 sacks barley, H do corn, McHenry & Hood; 182 do barley, Hitchcock, McCreery & Co; 3 bbls apples, Spahr & Ross; 19 sks barley, Smith & Co; 58 do do, Meanor & Harper.

ALLEGHENY STATION, September 11—29 bbls and 29 sacks flour, S C McMasters; 180 sks flaxseed, Evans & Hamilton; 10 tons iron, M Steel & Son; 93½ m shingles, Jos McMillen; 4 m lumber, E J Douglass; 71 sks oats, Owens & Kennedy; 1 car flaxseed, M B Sugdam; 5 boxes tobacco, Schaffer & Bro; 1 bbl hops, Wm Sloan; 1 do do, Wm Danley; 9 bbl hops, Wm Sloan; 1 do do, O'Hanlon; 2 cars wheat, McKee & Co; 2 cars staves, Kaiya & Robertson; 2 bdls skins, Schaffer & Bro; 1 do do, Schneider; 24 bdls calf skins, Stuckrath & Hare; 100 hides, W A Reed; 15 bdls baskets, McLaughlin; 19 bbls crackers, Kaiser & Ivey; 11 do do, Brosius & Hartman.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE R. R., September 11—16 kgs nails, Lewis, Oliver & Phillips; 13 bbls cement, D R Hacker; 70 sacks bran, J Stimpson; 40 bbls rosin, Lockhart & Smith; 36 bdls paper, Markle, Dickson & Co; 39 bbls flour, S S Marvin; 225 bbls sheet iron, W J Mecky; 22 rolls leather, W F Lantz & Co; 1 box 125 sks wheat, J S Liggett & Co; 206 coils rope, Fulton, Bollman & Co.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD September 11—9 bx peaches, J Daltell; 5 do potatoes, Jas Jenkins; 45 bgs oats, Keil & Ritchart; 16 sks oats, 5 bbls eggs, 2 bxs butter, 2 bales wool, 35 lambs, J H Graham; 1 bbl eggs, S Cooper; 1 bx mdse, McElroy, Dickson & Co; 2 rolls leather, Shipton & Wilson; 1 bx mdse, Wm Bigger jr & Co; Paine; 2 cars meal, McKnight, Porter & Co.

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MEDICAL.

CONSUMPTION!

It would take a man a lifetime to read the treatises that have been written upon this important subject, and if a sick man were to attempt it he would make himself worse by the reading, and die before he got half through. The symptoms of the disease are, hacking cough, expectoration of matter or pus, pain in one or both lungs, chilliness, burning in the palms of the hands and soles of the feet, exhausting day of night sweats, hectic fever, wasting of flesh or marasmus, sometimes expectoration of blood. These are the usual outward symptoms, apparent not only to the observing physician, but to the patient's friends. There are, however, more important symptoms than these, which are only made manifest by auscultation and percussion, terms which mean, in a medical sense, thumping and listening and they are employed outwardly in order to ascertain what is going on inside of the cavity of the chest. The signs of symptoms elicited in this way are almost surely demonstrate the true and exact condition of the respiratory organs. A perfect auscultator can not fail in ascertaining whether the Lungs are acting naturally or not. Hence it is the best method of examining the lungs. Their actual condition once discovered, the appropriate treatment is more rapidly arrived at, and every diseased part more completely under the influence of appropriate remedies. We have long been of the opinion that consumption or decay, or wasting of the bodily strength, was dependent on a depraved state of the blood, which carries, in its course, tuberculous matter, and deposits it in the lungs, or elsewhere in the body, just as calculi or stone is deposited in the bladder, a small particle of which attracts other particles, until it becomes of such offense to the natural functions as to bring on inflammatory action, which action, if it could, would carry it out of the system, and which could have been easily done in the beginning of such disease. Dr. KEYSER'S PECTORAL SYRUP is a complete and perfect cure in the forming stage of lung disease. It acts on the very principle we have stated above, by enabling the securing or carrying off organs to do a double share of Work Waste and repair are easily comprehended If the worn out material be carried off, and renewing material a proper character, the result be health and ease, the contrary of sickness and dis-ease. In many cases of consumption which have become settled, Dr. Keyser's Pectoral Syrup fails to cure, although it will do good in nearly all. He prepares a medicine called LUNG CURE or PULMONARY RESTORATIVE, which is a great tonic, and strengthens and restores the parts to be renewed, while it dissolves and carries out from the body those particles of worn out or extraneous matter, which only tend to clog or destroy it, by hindering the renewing material being deposited in proper place.

PULMONARY CONSUMPTION, RESULTING FROM PLEURISY, CURED.

Statement of George Ford, carpenter, of No. 16 Sampson street, Allegheny City:

I took a violent attack of pleurisy, in May, 1866, which left me with a cough lasting all summer, wearing away my ngth and gradually undermining my health. During this attack pleurisy I had several physicians of the highest reputation in the city. After I had partially recovered from the pleurisy, I was advised to go into the country, which I did, and when there a called in a doctor, who told me my left lung was affected, and that if something were not done soon I would die of CONSUMPTION. I lingered on from this time until about the middle of June, my cough and disease gradually growing worse, and I weaker every day, and almost despairing of ever getting well. In this state of despondency, and knowing the general belief of the incurability of Consumption, an having heard of cures made by DR. KEYSER, and seeing his advertisement in the newspapers, I was induced in October last to call on the Doctor at his office, 120 Penn street, and had him examine my lungs with his "LUNG SOUND." He told me th upper obe of my left lung was very much diseased. Yet he thought with great care and the perseverance in the use of his medicine, I would get well. At the time I called on Dr. Keyser my pulse was over one hundred and thirty beats in a minute, and I was generally prostrated, and had no cough night and day. I commenced the Doctor's treatment in October, with a feeble, broken constitution, and continued it faithfully until the present time. The Doctor's medicine helped me from the very start, and I could gradually feel myself getting stronger and my cough and expectoration lessening. I have gained greatly in flesh, and consider myself well; all the rattling of my lung has ceased. All my general health is in every way good. All my relatives and friends know of the advanced stage of my disease and my extraordinary recovery. One of the medicines given me by Dr. Keyser was a medicine called LUNG CURE, which I took in connection with the other treatment.

GEORGE FORD

Pittsburgh, March 27, 1867.

ANOTHER CURE OF CONSUMPTION.

STATEMENT OF JOHN G. WIGHAM, OF TURTLE CREEK, ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

I was discharged from the United States army January, 1866, on account of a wound in the end, from a shell, and a disease which the army physicians pronounced CONSUMPTION. I had a terrible cough, and was fast giving way in strength and flesh and was unable to do anything, shortly after my return from the army. I made application to a physician of my neighborhood and, after wards, to another in Pittsburgh of high reputation, whose remedies I used faithfully for five months, without any benefit whatever, but rather grew worse, and wasted in flesh and strength every day. In August, 1866, my mother